

COURSE DAT	4				
Data Subject					
Code	44978				
Name	Excited states				
Cycle	Master's degree				
ECTS Credits	5.0				
Academic year	2022 - 2023				
Study (s)					
Degree		Center	Acad. Period year		
in Theoretical Chem M	histry and Computationa	al	15/267		
Subject-matter					
Degree		Subject-matter	Character		
2245 - Master's Deg in Theoretical Chem Computational M	gree Erasmus Mundus histry and	3 - Optativas de primero	Optional		
Coordination					
Name		Department			
TUÑON GARCIA D	E VICUÑA, IGNACIO N	IILO 315 - Physical Chemist	ry		
SUMMARY					
English version is	not available				

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.



Other requirements

No pre-requisites

COMPETENCES (RD 1393/2007) // LEARNING OUTCOMES (RD 822/2021)

2245 - Master's Degree Erasmus Mundus in Theoretical Chemistry and Computational M

- Students should apply acquired knowledge to solve problems in unfamiliar contexts within their field of study, including multidisciplinary scenarios.
- Students should be able to integrate knowledge and address the complexity of making informed judgments based on incomplete or limited information, including reflections on the social and ethical responsibilities associated with the application of their knowledge and judgments.
- Students should communicate conclusions and underlying knowledge clearly and unambiguously to both specialized and non-specialized audiences.
- Students should demonstrate self-directed learning skills for continued academic growth.
- Students should possess and understand foundational knowledge that enables original thinking and research in the field.
- Students are able to foster, in academic and professional contexts, technological and scientific progress within a society based on knowledge and respect for: a) fundamental rights and equal opportunities between men and women, b) The principles of equal opportunities and universal accessibility for persons with disabilities, and c) the values of a culture of peace and democratic values.
- Students develop a critical thinking and reasoning and know how to communicate them in an egalitarian and non-sexist way both in oral and written form, in their own language and in a foreign language.
- Students have the ability of analyze and synthesize in such a way that they can understand, interpret and evaluate the relevant information by assuming with responsibility their own learning or, in the future, the identification of professional exits and employment fields.
- Students understand the theoretical and practical bases of computational techniques with which they can analyze the electronic, morphological and structural structure of a compound and interpret the results adequately.

LEARNING OUTCOMES (RD 1393/2007) // NO CONTENT (RD 822/2021)

The present course aims to familiarize students with the treatment of both rovibrational and electronic excited states. At the end of the course, the student is expected to know the foundations of the most popular methods and to be able to manage the most frequently used programs for the treatment of excited states.



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DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. Potential energy surfaces

Born-Oppenheimer approximation Potential energy curves for diatomic molecules Potential energy surfaces for poliatomic molecules.

2. Interaction radiation-matter

Classical model for electromagnetic radiation Transition probabilities induced by radiation

3. Rovibrational spectra

Diatomic molecules: energy levels, selection rules.

Pure rotational spectra and rovibrational spectra in diatomic molecules

Polyatomic molecules: classical vibrations and quantum vibrations.

Rovibrational spectra in polyatomic molecules

Vibrational relaxation in liquids: experimental methods and theoretical treatments.

4. Basic Concepts in Modern Molecular Photochemistry

Light absorption: (Electromagnetic radiation, the Lambert-Beer law, Absorption spectra, Franck-Condon principle, Transition dipole moment, Classical and quantum mechanical harmonic oscillator, Selection rules, Electronic transitions)

Deactivation of excited states: (Energy and electron transfer, Jablonski diagrams, Vibrational relaxation, Radiative and non radiative transitions, Franck-Condon principle for radiationless transitions, the Energy gap law, Time scales and quantum yields, Fermis golden rule)

Excited potential energy surfaces: (surface crossings, photochemical reaction paths, Examples).

5. Quantum Chemical Calculations of Excited States: Multiconfigurational Methods.

Electron correlation in molecules.

Electronic Structure methods for excited states. Monoconfigurational vs. multiconfigurational methods. CASSCF and RASSCF methods. Choice of the active space. Single vs. state-average calculations. Basis sets considerations.

Introducing dynamical correlation: the CASPT2 method.

CASPT2 problems and solutions: intruder states, avoided crossings and valence-Rydberg mixing. The level shift technique and Multistate-CASPT2.

Examples.



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6. Quantum Chemical Calculations of Excited States: TD-DFT Methods.

DFT, Runge-Gross theorems, linear response TDDFT, propagation of the electronic density. Spectra calculation, approximation of xc-functionals, Examples.

7. Dynamics simulations: Wave Packet propagations.

Time-evolution operator, Propagation, Relaxation method, Filtering method. Interaction with an electric field. Correlation functions, Spectra and eigenfunctions. Pump-probe spectroscopy and control.

8. TD-DFT for ultrafast dynamics.

Ab initio molecular dynamics: Born-Oppenheimer and Ehrenfest dynamics. Nonadiabatic dynamics, Tully's surface hopping. Examples of nonadiabatic ab initio molecular dynamics. Addition of environmental effects: Electromagnetic fields and solvents.

WURKLUAD

ACTIVITY		Hours	% To be attended
Theory classes		35,00	100
Development of individual work		40,00	0
Study and independent work		50,00	0
	TOTAL	125,00	

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

Lecture: The Professor will deliver lectures about the theoretical contents of the course during two-hour sessions. The presentations will be based on the different materials available at the Moodle platform.

Network teaching: All the tools available at the Moodle website (<u>http://www.uam.es/moodle</u>) will be used (uploading of teaching materials, utilization of work team strategies, wiki, blogs, e-mail, etc.).

Tutoring sessions: The professor can organize either individual or group tutoring sessions about particular topics and questions raised by students.

Online Seminars: After the lecturing period, online seminars between the Professor and the students will be arranged at the *virtual classroom* in order to discuss the results being obtained, the potential problems and difficulties in using the various methodologies as well as to supervise the preparation of the required reports.



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EVALUATION

Ordinary assessment

The knowledge acquired by the student will be evaluated along the course. The educational model to follow will emphasize a continuous effort and advance in training and learning.

The final student mark will be based on exercises that must be done during the course. The next criteria will be followed for assessment of student exercises:

- 60% from the student report about the practical work and/or exercises.
- 40% discussion of the subject during the practical sessions, including a small written test (10%).

Extraordinary assessment

The student will have to face a final exam, including both theory and practical exercises. The student mark will be obtained from:

- 80% from the individual work.
- 20% from the final exam.

REFERENCES

Basic

- A. Requena y J. Zúñiga, Espectroscopía (Pearson Education, Madrid, 2004).
 - P.F. Bernath, Spectra of Atoms and Molecules (Oxford University Press, Nueva York, 1995).
 - J. L. McHale, Molecular Spectroscopy (Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1999).
 - J. I. Steinfeld, Molecules and Radiation (The MIT Press, Cambridge, 1989).
 - W. S. Struve, Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy (Wiley, Nueva York, 1989).
 - S. Svanberg, Atomic and Molecular Spectroscopy (Springer-Verlag, Berlín, 2001).
 - J. M. Hollas, Modern Spectroscopy (Wiley, Chichester, 1996).
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D.J. Tannor, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics: A Time-Dependent Perspective (University Science Books, 2006).

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S.A. Rice and M. Zhao, Optical Control of Molecular Dynamics, 1st ed. (Wiley-Interscience, 2000).

- edited by B.O. Roos, Lecture Notes in Quantum Chemistry II: European Summer School in Quantum Chemistry, 1st ed. (Springer-Verlag, 1994).

E.K.U. Gross, J.F. Dobson and M. Petersilka, in Density Functional Theory II, edited by R. Nalewajski (Springer Berlin / Heidelberg, 1996), pp. 81-172.

N.J. Turro, Modern Molecular Photochemistry (University Science Books, Mill Valley, California, 1991). B.O. Roos, Ab initio methods in quantum chemistry II in Advances in Chemical Physics, edited by K. P. Lawley (John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1987), pp. 399445.

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