

**COURSE DATA****Data Subject**

Code	44720
Name	Culture and migration
Cycle	Master's degree
ECTS Credits	15.0
Academic year	2024 - 2025

Study (s)

Degree	Center	Acad. year	Period
2228 - International Master in Migrations Studies	Faculty of Psychology and Speech Therapy	1	First term
2259 - Master's Degree in Migrations	Faculty of Psychology and Speech Therapy	1	First term

Subject-matter

Degree	Subject-matter	Character
2228 - International Master in Migrations Studies	2 - Culture and migration	Obligatory

SUMMARY

After the teaching of the first subject, where the student is provided with the basic knowledge, in this second module, the analysis of more specific arguments and topics of increasing relevance and relevance in the study of human mobility is proposed. It is a subject that will expand and establish the knowledge acquired in the previous, more extensive and general subject. A dialectical, applied and critical approach to the previously acquired theoretical knowledge is presented here.

Even so, the subject, like the whole curriculum, is structured from more general aspects to more specific aspects. First, issues such as the migration project, memory, identities in their different intergenerational transmissions and return are addressed. In a second moment the repercussions of the migrations in the family structure, the intervention in the community are analyzed together with the analysis of the urban distribution and its relation with the integration policies in general and especially in the school environment. Finally, migration is studied from the point of view of human geography and different generations. Throughout this subject the gender perspective is very present.



PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

Other requirements

COMPETENCES (RD 1393/2007) // LEARNING OUTCOMES (RD 822/2021)

2228 - International Master in Migrations Studies

- Students should apply acquired knowledge to solve problems in unfamiliar contexts within their field of study, including multidisciplinary scenarios.
- Students should be able to integrate knowledge and address the complexity of making informed judgments based on incomplete or limited information, including reflections on the social and ethical responsibilities associated with the application of their knowledge and judgments.
- Students should communicate conclusions and underlying knowledge clearly and unambiguously to both specialized and non-specialized audiences.
- Students should demonstrate self-directed learning skills for continued academic growth.
- Students should possess and understand foundational knowledge that enables original thinking and research in the field.

LEARNING OUTCOMES (RD 1393/2007) // NO CONTENT (RD 822/2021)

At the end of the subject the student will have achieved:

- a) Ability to reflect and discuss the social and historical reasons of migration.
- b) Develop their analytical capacity to understand the processes of migration and acculturation.
- c) Manage the analysis of the migratory and acculturation process (groups, family and individuals) and the social effects of the migratory phenomenon from the double perspective of the countries of origin and those of arrival.
- d) Distinguish gender characterizations and dynamics of second / third generations.
- e) Acquire an adequate knowledge of the needs of the immigrant group.
- f) Have an overview of an appropriate “insertion” itinerary.
- g) Know the existing resources and access roads.



h) Acquisition of an adequate knowledge of the target group and its real situation.

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. Social contexts and migration projects

Contexts of the countries of origin and possibilities of preparing migratory projects. Migratory projects and family negotiations. Types of projects and types of relationships with companies of residence and origin. The link between international migration and development.

2. Comparative theories and policies on the integration of immigrants

Migratory experiences and identity negotiations. Different models of acculturation and integration in arrival societies. Comparative analysis of migrant integration policies and programs in arrival societies. The migrant family: models and typology (refugee family, immigrant family, transnational family, multi-party family). Family reunification policies in different countries. Adaptation processes of families who remain in their homeland.

3. Migration and urban integration

Effects of globalization on the socioeconomic changes of the society; the social and spatial reorganization of cities; the fragmentation of cities; segregation spaces; ghettoization of populations of different ethnic origin. Social and spatial inequalities in modern societies; the problem of integration in the urban fabric; urban space as a strategic place of social, political, economic, and cultural demand. Integration models in multicultural societies.

4. Migration and generations

Migrant worker children. Unaccompanied migrant children. Trafficking in children. International instruments for the protection of children. Protection mechanisms: presentation of examples in different countries. The concept of second generations in modern sociology. Comparative analysis of the situation of second generations in different countries. The second generations that remain in the country of origin. The third generations: more recent studies. International students. Elderly as active subjects of international migration. The Elderly as passive subjects of international migrations.

5. Migration and gender

Female migration: analysis of the impact on societies of origin and on gender relations. Immigrant women and social policies. Trafficking and sexual exploitation: prostitution and migration. Conventions and legal platforms for the protection of migrant women. In particular, assistance programs for migrant women in Spain and in the Valencian Community.



WORKLOAD

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Theory classes	150,00	100
Development of group work	10,00	0
Development of individual work	75,00	0
Study and independent work	50,00	0
Readings supplementary material	65,00	0
Preparation of evaluation activities	25,00	0
TOTAL	375,00	

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

Teaching is taught primarily through a system of face-to-face classes, theoretical and practical. The theoretical class allows the introduction and development of the theoretical content of each topic. The practical classes, through the illustration of the contents, facilitate student learning by allowing a more dynamic and close relationship with them. However, it is also important to carry out seminars or other complementary tasks proposed by teachers, such as carrying out work. With this type of tasks, autonomous or group work is encouraged, but also and in a relevant way, the acquisition of skills regarding the presentation and writing of topics. The tutorials are the means through which teachers guide and supervise students in the development of complementary activities, in particular, and resolve their doubts or difficulties related to the subject, in general. In short, through tutorials, which facilitate a closer and more direct relationship, teachers guide students in the construction of their knowledge.

EVALUATION

Since the contents are evaluated according to their thematic areas, different evaluation methodologies will be used objective tests, short questions exams, developments exams and essay formulation.

REFERENCES

Basic

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- Levitt, Peggy y Nina Glick Schiller. (2004). Perspectivas internacionales sobre migración: conceptualizar la simultaneidad Migración y Desarrollo # 3. Segundo semestre. (pp. 60-91).
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