

**COURSE DATA****Data Subject**

Code	44705
Name	Advanced organic chemistry
Cycle	Master's degree
ECTS Credits	4.0
Academic year	2021 - 2022

Study (s)

Degree	Center	Acad. Period year
2226 - M.D. in Organic Chemistry	Faculty of Chemistry	1 Annual

Subject-matter

Degree	Subject-matter	Character
2226 - M.D. in Organic Chemistry	1 - Advanced organic chemistry	Obligatory

Coordination

Name	Department
DEL POZO LOSADA, CARLOS	325 - Organic Chemistry

SUMMARY

The Physical Organic Chemistry (2 credits) together with fotochemistry (2 credits) constitute the subject Advanced Organic Chemistry. This topic provide a deep understanding in different aspects of the organic chemistry previously studied, with the aim to place students in conditions to be able to deal with more complex aspects of organic chemistry, specially those interesting for the chemical and pharmaceutical industry.

In this subject, the knowledge of the chemical bonding will be enhanced, together with the theoretical study of pecicyclic reactions, including electrocyclic, cycloaddition and sigmatropic rearrangement reactions. Additionally, pertubations theory will be studied as a tool to explain the selectivity of the reactions



PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

Other requirements

Knowledge of physical organic chemistry at graduate level.

OUTCOMES

2226 - M.D. in Organic Chemistry

- Students should apply acquired knowledge to solve problems in unfamiliar contexts within their field of study, including multidisciplinary scenarios.
- Students should be able to integrate knowledge and address the complexity of making informed judgments based on incomplete or limited information, including reflections on the social and ethical responsibilities associated with the application of their knowledge and judgments.
- Students should communicate conclusions and underlying knowledge clearly and unambiguously to both specialized and non-specialized audiences.
- Students should demonstrate self-directed learning skills for continued academic growth.
- Students should possess and understand foundational knowledge that enables original thinking and research in the field.
- Use different presentation formats (oral, written, slide presentations, boards, etc.) to communicate knowledge, proposals and positions.
- Be able to access to information tools in other areas of knowledge and use them properly.
- Saber participar en debates y discusiones, dirigirlos y coordinarlos y ser capaces de resumirlos y extraer de ellos las conclusiones más relevantes y aceptadas por la mayoría.
- Poseer habilidades sociales, un buen nivel de comunicación oral y escrita, así como capacidad para trabajar en equipo y con personas de diferentes procedencias.
- Competencias de gestión tales como la capacidad para la planificación y gestión de tiempo y recursos, así como para dirigir y tomar decisiones.
- Ser capaces de valorar la necesidad de completar su formación científica, en lenguas, en informática, asistiendo a conferencias o cursos y/o realizando actividades complementarias, autoevaluando la aportación que la realización de estas actividades supone para su formación integral.
- Afianzar y profundizar en aquellos temas relacionados con la estereoquímica de las moléculas orgánicas y la descripción del enlace químico.
- Alcanzar un conocimiento profundo de los aspectos teóricos de las reacciones pericíclicas.



- Conocer los fundamentos de las reacciones fotoquímicas, en especial de los compuestos orgánicos, y sus aplicaciones en síntesis.

LEARNING OUTCOMES

The final aims of this subject are the following:

- The acquisition of a deep knowledge in organic chemistry in aspects previously studied, placing the students in conditions to face more complex aspects of the organic chemistry.
- The knowledge of some aspects of applied organic chemistry interesting for the chemical and pharmaceutical industry.

More specifically, the main objectives of this subject are the following:

- Enhance the knowledge of some topics related with the stereochemistry of organic molecules and the description of chemical bonding.
- Enhance the knowledge of the physic-chemical aspects of organic reactions.
- To reach a better understanding of some theoretical aspects of pericyclic reactions and its synthetic applications.

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. Structure and bonding

Theories of chemical bonding. Molecular orbital theory. -Conjugation. Hyperconjugation. Localized molecular orbitals. Non-covalent interactions. Stereoelectronic effects. Conformations

2. Perturbation theory

Chemical reactivity: perturbation theory. The Salem-Klopman equation. Reactive intermediates. Ionic, radical and pericyclic reactions.

3. Electrocyclic reactions

Electrocyclic reactions. Conrotatory and disrotatory ring closures. Correlation diagrams: selection rules. Frontier orbitals. Aromatic transition state approach.



4. Cycloadditions

Cycloadditions. Selection rules. Diels-Alder reactions: regio and stereoselectivity. 1,3-Dipolar cycloadditions.

5. Sigmatropic rearrangements

Sigmatropic rearrangements. [1,j]-Sigmatropic rearrangement of hydrogen. [1,j]-Sigmatropic rearrangement of alkyl groups. [3,3]-Claisen and Cope rearrangements. [2,3]-Sigmatropic rearrangements. Ene reactions.

6. Photochemistry

Basic rules. Primary and secondary processes. Photochemical reactions: characteristics.

7. Excited states

Static and dynamic properties of excited states. Radiative and non-radiative transitions. Energy transfer processes. Charge transfer processes.

8. Experimental techniques

Light sources. Photochemical reactors. Wavelength selection.

9. Photochemistry of the carbonyl group

Introduction. Norrish type I reaction. Hydrogen abstraction. Norrish type II reaction. Paterno Buchi reaction.

10. Photochemistry of alkenes

Introduction. E/Z Isomerization. Di-p-methane rearrangement. Sigmatropic and carbene-mediated rearrangements.

11. Photochemistry of aromatic compounds

Introduction. Ring isomerization. Photoadditions. Photocycloadditions. Photodimerization. Photosubstitution. Side chain reactions.

**12. Photochemistry of nitrogen compounds**

Imines. Iminium salts. Oxides and related compounds. Nitrite esters. Nitrocompounds. Azocompounds. Diazocompounds. Azides

13. Photooxygenation

Reactive oxygen species. Oxygenation with triplet oxygen. Oxygenation with singlet oxygen. Oxygenation with oxygen radical anion.

WORKLOAD

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Theory classes	20,00	100
Seminars	20,00	100
TOTAL	40,00	

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

The subject is formulated in a manner that the student is the principal actor of its own learning. From the beginning of the course, students will have the whole didactic material necessary.

The employed methodology will combine master classes, discussion and analysis of selected examples and practical cases, together with the use of audiovisual methods and other electronic resources.

The teaching will be structured in the following manner:

- Master classes (in person): In these classes the basic concepts of the physical organic chemistry will be introduced. Theoretical themes will be imparted, developing the contents of the program.
- Seminars (in person).- Seminars will be dedicated to the resolution of problems and questions with an active participation of the students. The discussion of scientific articles related to the themes will be also performed.
- Written assignment.- In those assignments, the professor will proposed themes related, normally found in scientific publications.

EVALUATION

The evaluation will be continuous along the course taking into account the following points:

Direct assessment by the professor. 15% of the mark will come from the direct assessment of the professor in lectures and seminars, taking into account:



- Attendance, participation, and reasoning in the discussions.
- Mastering of the physical organic chemistry terms and language.
- Problem solving and questions.
- Critical thinking.
- Exercises and workshops.

Works performed by the student. 25% of the mark. The evaluation will take into account both content and form.

Exams. 60% of the mark will come from the exams.

- Exam in person about questions and problems on the course content. The questions and problems will require from the student the ability to connect different aspects of the course content.
- Exam off-site. The professor sends via email a collection of questions for the student to work and solve them within a specified period. Afterwards, the student will send back the exam to the professor by the same means.

REFERENCES

Basic

- Principles of Molecular Photochemistry: An Introduction, N.J. Turro, J.C. Scaiano, V. Ramamurthy, University Science Books, 2009.
- Modern Molecular Photochemistry of Organic Molecules, N.J. Turro, J.C. Scaiano, V. Ramamurthy, University Science Books, 2010.
- CRC Handbook of Organic Photochemistry and Photobiology (2 volúmenes), 3rd Edition, Editado por A. G. Griesbeck, M. Oelgemöller y F. Getti, CRC Press, 2012.

Additional

- Glosario de Términos Usados en Fotoquímica. Comisión de Fotoquímica de la IUPAC, 1996. Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona. Servei de Publicacions Bellaterra, 1999.

ADDENDUM COVID-19

This addendum will only be activated if the health situation requires so and with the prior agreement of the Governing Council



• **Second call evaluation**

Due to the alarm state imposed by the sanitary situation, the second call evaluation will be performed in the not in person mode. The face to face theoretical classes and the evaluation of the first call was already finished when the alarm state was ordered.

To this end, the tools stipulated in the platform “Aula Virtual” will be employed. In the same token, the integrity of the exams will be verified with the software provided by the UVEG. The students will identify themselves by means of the password necessary to access the “Aula Virtual” platform.
