

**COURSE DATA****Data Subject**

Code	42937
Name	Laboratory of industrial analysis
Cycle	Master's degree
ECTS Credits	2.0
Academic year	2019 - 2020

Study (s)

Degree	Center	Acad. year	Period
2109 - M.D. in Experimental Techniques in Chemistry	Faculty of Chemistry	1	Annual

Subject-matter

Degree	Subject-matter	Character
2109 - M.D. in Experimental Techniques in Chemistry	2 - Integrated laboratory of experimental techniques in chemistry	Obligatory

Coordination

Name	Department
BAEZA BAEZA, JUAN JOSE	310 - Analytical Chemistry
TORRES LAPASIO, JOSE RAMON	310 - Analytical Chemistry

SUMMARY

Laboratory subject in which they are applied the techniques and methodologies learned in the subjects of matter I to the particular case of the industrial analysis, devoting special attention to the use of official methods of analysis and/or assurance methods contrasted in this area, as well as to the selection and implementation of the method most appropriate to a particular analytical problem

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE



Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

Other requirements

Prior knowledge of chemistry and experimental work in the laboratory of chemistry taught in the degrees indicated in the recommended income profile for the student of the master's degree are required.

OUTCOMES

2109 - M.D. in Experimental Techniques in Chemistry

- Saber aplicar los conocimientos adquiridos y ser capaces de resolver problemas en entornos nuevos o poco conocidos dentro de contextos más amplios (o multidisciplinares) relacionados con su área de estudio.
- To acquire basic skills to develop laboratory work in biomedical research.
- Be able to access the information required (databases, scientific articles, etc.) and to interpret and use it sensibly.
- Ser capaces de seleccionar y optimizar las variables instrumentales para obtener los mejores parámetros analíticos en las técnicas experimentales estudiadas.
- Ser capaces de emplear las herramientas básicas para el tratamiento de datos experimentales en el laboratorio.
- Realizar las labores propias de su profesión, tanto en empresas privadas como en organismos públicos, llevando a cabo estudios basados en el uso de técnicas experimentales, en distintos ámbitos tales como: medioambiental, agroalimentario, sanitario (farmacéutico y clínico), cosmético y en general de la industria del sector químico y afines.
- Realizar estudios relacionados con el análisis y/o la caracterización de sustancias químicas tales como: control de calidad, diseño de protocolos de trabajo para laboratorios, diseño e implementación de procesos de acreditación y validación, diseño y desarrollo de proyectos I+D+I, emisión de informes, certificaciones y/o dictámenes, etc.
- Ser capaces de planificar y gestionar los recursos disponibles de un laboratorio químico, teniendo en cuenta los principios básicos de la calidad, prevención de riesgos, seguridad y sostenibilidad.
- Seleccionar la instrumentación química comercializada apropiada para el estudio a realizar y de aplicar sus conocimientos para utilizarla de manera correcta.
- To prepare a clear and concise memory of the results of your work and the conclusions obtained.

LEARNING OUTCOMES



At the end of the teaching-learning process, the student should be able to:

1. Explain the importance of the control of raw materials and finished products in the industry.
2. Integrate and apply chemical knowledge with analytical purposes applied to the industrial field
3. Explain in detail any representative analytical techniques for the control of raw materials.
4. Interpret and properly select the official methods of analysis according to the type of sample.
5. Assess and describe appropriate separation systems to isolate the different analytes from a sample in a process of industrial analysis.
6. Properly organize the results of experimental measurements and interpret data, tables, and graphics.
7. Apply correctly the results for the quality control of a product in time.
8. Manage the scientific and technical literature as a source of knowledge for the resolution of problems in the quality control laboratory.

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. Applications of the experimental techniques in the industrial analysis

Quality control of a raw material in the petrochemical industry, study of official standards.
Manufacture and quality control of a biodiesel. Application of UNE standards.
Determination of water in an enamel.
Characterization of surfactants in a cleaning product by HPLC

2. Selection of advanced techniques and implementation of an analytical method for a particular problem derived from the chemical industry and related fields.

Study, selection and implementation of methods for the characterization of a fertilizer .

**WORKLOAD**

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Laboratory practices	20,00	100
Development of group work	4,00	0
Development of individual work	4,00	0
Study and independent work	8,00	0
Readings supplementary material	4,00	0
Preparation of evaluation activities	4,00	0
Preparation of practical classes and problem	6,00	0
TOTAL	50,00	

TEACHING METHODOLOGY**Presential Activities**

Laboratory classes will begin with seminars in which Professor will perform a brief introduction of the objective, fundamentals and experimental practices methodology to perform.

The teacher will held in the laboratory the necessary explanations on operation of the instruments to be used in each practice prior to their use by students and will supervise its use during practices, to enhance knowledge on the techniques used (CE4)

Students will carry out the practice following the corresponding manual of practices (CG1, CG4).

Classroom activities performed in the laboratory, presentations and exhibitions of works will be part of the ongoing evaluation of the student (formative activities AF2 of verifica and teaching methodology MD1 of verifica)

Written examinations of the subject will be carried out on the date specified in the programming of the assessment tests (formative activities AF4 of verifica and teaching methodology MD1 of verifica).

The competences to acquire from the presential activities will be:

- Generals: CB7, CG1 and CG3
- Specific: CE2, CE3, CE4, CE5 y CE6

Non-presential activities

Students will conduct the non-presential activities requested by the teacher (memoirs, reports of practices, etc.) and they will deliver them on the specified date.



The competences to acquire from the presential activities will be:

- Specific: CE7

EVALUATION

1. -Continuous evaluation of the student in classes and seminars (participatory assistance, material handling and equipment, organization of work, understanding and use of the screenplay of practices, performing calculations, team work, etc.)

Along the sessions, focus in the resolution of practical assays, the assistance and participation of the students will be evaluated individually (by oral answers or by writing questions planned by the professor, by planning questions which its answer will be relevant for all the group). Also, these questions will include the design of working protocols, the selection of variables and the tools for the data treatment (verifica competences CE2, CE3, CE5 and CE6). The competences to evaluate: specifics: CE1, CE2, CE3, CE4, CE5 and CE6

WEIGHT 40

2.- An assessment of non-classroom-based activities (memories and/or reports of practices delivered)

The reports performed by the students will include the main conclusions extracted from the laboratory work (working protocols, variable selection and data treatment; verifica competences CE2, CE5, CE6 and CE7) and it will be done by couples to improve the group working (consensus decision making: verifica competences CG1 and CE7)

WEIGHT 30

3. -Written examinations (Based on the results of learning the content and on the specific objectives of each subject)

The exam will consist in the resolution of questions and practical examples related to the studied techniques (verifica competences: CE2, CE4, CE5 and CE6).

WEIGHT 30



REFERENCES

Basic

- Camara C. et al., Toma y Tratamiento de muestras. Ed. Síntesis, 2002.
- Hibbert D.B. Quality Assurance in the Analytical Chemistry Laboratory, Oxford University Press, 2007
- Vian Ortuño A., Introducción a la Química Industrial, Reverte, 1994.
- Maurí A., M. Llobat y R. Herráez, Laboratorio de Análisis Instrumental, Universitat de València-Reverté, Valencia, 2010
- Rouessac F., Rouessac A., Chemical Analysis. Modern Instrumentation methods and techniques, 2^a ed, Wiley, 2007
- Amoros J.L. et al. Manual para el control de calidad de materias primas arcillosas, Instituto de Tecnología Cerámica, Castellón, 1998
- Kent J.A. ed., Riegels Handbook of Industrial Chemistry, 9^a ed, Chapman and Hall, 1992.

ADDENDUM COVID-19

This addendum will only be activated if the health situation requires so and with the prior agreement of the Governing Council

1. Contenidos

Se mantienen los contenidos inicialmente recogidos en la guía docente. Todos los grupos de esta asignatura han impartido, antes del 13 de marzo, la docencia que tenían prevista inicialmente. Por ello no se contempla ninguna actuación relacionada con este apartado.

2. Volumen de trabajo y planificación temporal de la docencia

Todos los grupos de esta asignatura han impartido, antes del 13 de marzo, la docencia que tenían prevista inicialmente. Además, todos los estudiantes presentaron sus correspondientes informes relacionados con esta asignatura en plazo, y antes del 13 de marzo. Por ello, no se contempla ninguna actuación relacionada con este apartado.

3. Metodología docente

Todos los grupos de esta asignatura han impartido, antes del 13 de marzo, la docencia que tenían prevista inicialmente. Por ello, no se contempla ninguna actuación relacionada con este apartado. Las horas de tutorías que corresponden a esta asignatura y que estarán relacionadas con la preparación del examen por aquellos alumnos/as que deban presentarse a la primera convocatoria se llevarán a cabo a través del correo electrónico, videoconferencias, ya sea por Whatsapp, Skype o Microsoft TEAMS, de acuerdo con la disponibilidad de las herramientas por parte del alumnado.

4. Evaluación



La ponderación de esta asignatura se mantendrá de acuerdo con lo previsto en la guía docente original.

- * Evaluación continua del estudiante en las clases y seminarios 40%
- * Evaluación de las actividades no presenciales 30%
- * Exámenes 30%

El examen de la primera convocatoria, para aquellos alumnos que deban realizarlo y en el caso de no poder llevarse a cabo de forma presencial, se llevará a cabo mediante una prueba online utilizando las herramientas disponibles en la plataforma del aula virtual.

5. Bibliografía

Todos los grupos de esta asignatura han impartido, antes del 13 de marzo, la docencia que tenían prevista inicialmente y han podido acceder a la correspondiente bibliografía. Por ello, no se contempla ninguna actuación relacionada con este apartado.