

**COURSE DATA****Data Subject**

Code	42598
Name	Evolution
Cycle	Master's degree
ECTS Credits	6.0
Academic year	2023 - 2024

Study (s)

Degree	Center	Acad. year	Period
2116 - M.U. en Bioinformàtica 12-V.1	School of Engineering	1	First term

Subject-matter

Degree	Subject-matter	Character
2116 - M.U. en Bioinformàtica 12-V.1	13 - Evolution	Optional

Coordination

Name	Department
MOYA SIMARRO, ANDRES	194 - Genetics

SUMMARY

This course aims to familiarize students with the basic principles of evolutionary theory today. This exposes them to the complexity of biological processes and the diversity of shapes, patterns and mechanisms that use different agencies for solving common problems (survival, reproduction, etc..) In different circumstances. It is shown that, despite this huge diversity, evolutionary theory provides a unifying framework without which it is impossible to approach the study of different biological disciplines to reconstruct the history of life.

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE**Relationship to other subjects of the same degree**

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.



Other requirements

None

OUTCOMES

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- Students should apply acquired knowledge to solve problems in unfamiliar contexts within their field of study, including multidisciplinary scenarios.
- Students should be able to integrate knowledge and address the complexity of making informed judgments based on incomplete or limited information, including reflections on the social and ethical responsibilities associated with the application of their knowledge and judgments.
- Students should communicate conclusions and underlying knowledge clearly and unambiguously to both specialized and non-specialized audiences.
- Students should demonstrate self-directed learning skills for continued academic growth.
- Be able to access the information required (databases, scientific articles, etc.) and to interpret and use it sensibly.
- Students should possess and understand foundational knowledge that enables original thinking and research in the field.

LEARNING OUTCOMES

- Understand the theory of evolution, principles and scope, and scientific and social impact.
 - Understand the modes of action, schemes and limitations of natural selection and its consequences.
 - Identify and analyze the role of the mechanisms of evolution in the generation and dynamics of genetic variability.
 - Understand the implications of genomic changes in evolution.
 - To understand the mechanisms involved in speciation.
- Understanding the genetic regulation of development of organisms • Know the paleontological and genetic evidence maintainest theories about human evolution

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. Evolutionary theory as an explanation of biological diversity, adaptation and hierarchies of biological organization

Why is it important to the theory of evolution?

Fixation against evolution

Before Darwin

The theory of natural selection

Controversies over Darwinism



2. Analysis of the processes of evolutionary change: the dynamics of genes in populations.

Origin, description and quantification of genetic variability.

Processes of evolutionary change: mutation, migration, selection and drift.

Maintaining the variability and its cost.

Heritability and evolution of multigenic traits.

3. Molecular evolution: genes and genomes as records of evolutionary change.

The evolution at the molecular level.

Neutral theory.

Adaptation at the molecular level.

The genome as the unit of evolution.

Compared evolution of genomes.

4. Study of the emergence of new species: genetic basis of speciation.

Species concepts.

Isolation mechanisms.

Biogeographic patterns in speciation.

Genetic differentiation along speciation.

Rates of speciation.

5. Phylogenetic reconstruction of the evolutionary process

Introduction to the evolutionary hypothesis: the questions

The tree of life

The evolutionary hypothesis: the answers

Schools classification: evolutionary, phenetic and cladistic

The design of the Blind Watchmaker: evidence, convergences and historical errors

6. Development and evolution

Punctuated equilibrium and phyletic gradualism.

Microevolution and macroevolution.

The necessity and the limits of the adaptationist program.

Units and levels of selection.

Evolutionary conflict.

The origin of the body patterns.

Homeotic mutations and Hox genes.

The origin of evolutionary novelties.



7. Human Evolution

Evolution of major taxa.

Origin and evolution of Precambrian life.

The phylogenetic tree of metazoan radiation.

Paleozoic life.

The origin of tetrapods.

Terrestrial life animal: the origin and diversification of the amniotes.

Cenozoic Life: The Age of Mammals.

The road from primates to the human origins

Hominid evolution

WORKLOAD

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Theory classes	60,00	100
Development of group work	12,00	0
Development of individual work	20,00	0
Study and independent work	12,00	0
Readings supplementary material	40,00	0
Preparation of evaluation activities	22,00	0
Preparing lectures	16,00	0
TOTAL	182,00	

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

Tasks training of the teaching-learning environment interaction in the classroom through expository sessions. Previous assignments include preparation (information search, reading texts supplied by teachers), teaching sessions themselves and the later work of deepening.

- Learning by case study analysis, through which it is acquiring skills on different aspects of materials and subjects

- Cross-disciplinary skills. Include attendance at courses, conferences or round tables organized by the CEC of the Master and / or conduct of a bibliographic work on issues that contribute to the integral. It produces a report of activities.



EVALUATION

In the two calls:

SE1 Continuous assessment: minimum 5 and maximum 15.

SE2 Activities: minimum 40 and maximum 70.

SE4 Exams: minimum 20 and maximum 50.

REFERENCES

Basic

- Freeman, S., and Herron, J.C. 2007. Evolutionary analysis. 4th edition. Prentice Hall. Versión en castellano: 2002. Análisis evolutivo. Prentice Hall, Madrid.

Additional

- Referencia c1: Barton N.H., Briggs, D.E.G., Eisen, J.A., Goldstein, D. B., and Patel, N.H. 2007. Evolution. CSHL Press.
- Referencia c2: Fontdevila, A., y Moya, A. 2004. Evolución. Editorial Síntesis, Madrid.
- Referencia c3: Futuyma, D.J. 2009. Evolution. 2nd edition. Sinauer.
- Referencia c4: Stearns, S.C., y Hoekstra, R.F. 2005. Evolution: An introduction. 2nd edition. Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- Referencia c5: Majerus, M., Amos, W. y Hurst, G. 1996. Evolution. The four billion year war. Longman.
- Referencia c6: Ridley, M. 2004. Evolution. 3rd edition. Blackwell.
- Referencia c7: Smith, J.M. 1997. Evolutionary Genetics. 2ª edición. Oxford Univ. Press.
- Referencia c8: Moya, S. 2009. Pensar desde la ciencia. Trotta. Madrid
- Referencia c9: Moya, A. 2010. Evolución. Puente entre dos culturas. Laetoli. Pamplona.
- Referencia c10: Moya, A. 2011. Naturaleza y futuro del hombre. Síntesis. Madrid.
- Referencia c11: Moya, A y Peretó, J. 2012. Simbiosis. Seres que evolucionan juntos. Síntesis. Madrid