

**COURSE DATA****Data Subject**

Code	36244
Name	Statistics I
Cycle	Grade
ECTS Credits	6.0
Academic year	2019 - 2020

Study (s)

Degree	Center	Acad. year	Period
1319 - Degree in Psychology	Faculty of Psychology and Speech Therapy	1	First term

Subject-matter

Degree	Subject-matter	Character
1319 - Degree in Psychology	52 - Statistics I	Basic Training

Coordination

Name	Department
PEREA LARA, MANUEL	267 - Behavioral Sciences Methodology

SUMMARY

Statistics I is a 6 credit course lectured in the 1st semester of the 1st course of the degree of Psychology. The overall aim of the course is to provide procedures to respond to issues of interest to psychologists using descriptive statistical analysis of data in situations contextualizing chords to different research methods. The descriptive data analysis techniques are prerequisite to other obligatory subjects of the curriculum, such as Statistics II, Psychometrics and Research Design, and other optional subjects. The statistical concepts are also required to carry out empirical research in different subjects and areas of expertise as well as theoretical understanding of the foundations of empirical knowledge of the behavior.

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE



Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

Other requirements

Computer user level: knowledge of basic computer use, Web surfing and office applications (word, excel, power point). Fundamentals of Mathematics: arithmetic and algebra.

OUTCOMES

1319 - Degree in Psychology

- Students must have acquired knowledge and understanding in a specific field of study, on the basis of general secondary education and at a level that includes mainly knowledge drawn from advanced textbooks, but also some cutting-edge knowledge in their field of study.
- Students must have the ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually in their field of study) to make judgements that take relevant social, scientific or ethical issues into consideration.
- Students must be able to communicate information, ideas, problems and solutions to both expert and lay audiences.
- Be able to measure and obtain relevant data for the assessment of interventions.
- Know how to analyse and interpret the results of assessment.
- Be able to prepare oral and written reports.
- Know and comply with professional ethics of Psychology.
- Know the principles of the scientific method and the characteristics of the different methods used in psychology and its analytical techniques.
- Be able to apply methodological knowledge to solve the problems arising in professional practice.
- Be able to describe psychological data through statistical software and other information technologies.

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Student must:

- a) Know and apply correctly descriptive statistical procedures of data analysis that are most commonly used in the process of obtaining scientific information in the field of psychology.
- b) Managing computerized data sets: organize, enter and process the data correctly.
- c) Select the most appropriate techniques for the description of both univariate and multivariate data.



- d) To perform the calculations.
- e) Interpret results and draw conclusions.
- f) Express the results and conclusions in technical language understandable to nonprofessionals.

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. The process of scientific research.

1. Research, knowledge generation, science in psychology.
2. Role of Statistics in Psychology.
3. Basic statistical concepts (sample, population, sampling, etc).
4. Theories, Models, Questions / problems, hypotheses.
5. Variables: Definition, types and scales of measurement.
6. Research methods and designs.
7. Data analysis, interpretation and evaluation of results.
8. The research report.

2. Data Organization

1. Introduction.
2. Coding, data entry, cleaning, processing and file processing.
3. Outliers.
4. Missing values.
5. Frequency distribution.
6. Introduction to the quantiles.
7. Charts for qualitative and quantitative variables.

3. Group description

1. Introduction.
2. Central tendency: mode, median, arithmetic mean and other measures. Definitions, calculations, characteristics and criteria of use.
3. Variability: Range, Variance, Standard Deviation (sample and population) and other measures (interquartile range, and coefficient of variation). Definitions, calculations, characteristics and criteria of use.
4. Asymmetry: Definition, calculation and interpretation.
5. Kurtosis: Definition, calculation and interpretation.
6. Graphical representation: box plots and error bars.



4. Measures of individual position

1. Introduction.
2. Quantile: Ranges Percentiles, Percentiles, Deciles and Quartiles.
3. Standard Scores: Introduction, calculation and main features.
4. Derived scales.

5. Association

1. Introduction.
2. Bivariate tables and graphs.
3. Quantitative variables: covariance, Pearson correlation coefficient, variance-covariance matrix and correlation matrix.
4. Semiquantitative variables: Spearman coefficient.
5. Qualitative variables: Indices Chi Square and Cramer's V.
6. Association between variables of different scales.
7. Concept of nonlinear relationships.

6. Linear regression

1. Introduction.
2. The equation of the line.
3. The least squares criterion.
4. Graphical representation.
5. Standardized regression coefficients.
6. The coefficient of determination.
7. Introduction to multiple regression multiple correlation and partial.

7. Use of probability in psychological research

1. Introduction.
2. Random variables.
3. Probability function and distribution function.

8. Major probability distributions

1. Discrete random variables: binomial distribution.
2. Continuous random variables: normal distribution.
3. Continuous random variables: t distribution.
4. Continuous random variables: Chi Square distribution.
5. Continuous random variables: F distribution.



WORKLOAD

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Theoretical and practical classes	60,00	100
Attendance at events and external activities	5,50	0
Development of group work	12,00	0
Development of individual work	12,50	0
Study and independent work	45,00	0
Preparation of evaluation activities	15,00	0
TOTAL	150,00	

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

The teaching of the course combine the following strategies:

- (1) Exhibitions and presentations (lectures) of the contents of the subject.
- (2) Practical classes based on exercises, such as data introduction and processing, or case studies.
- (3) Scheduled group tutoring if necessary.
- (4) Preparation of the required work independently.

EVALUATION

EVALUATION: Statistics I, II, Designs and Research in Logopedia.

The result of the student evaluation is a qualification that will oscillate between 0 and 10 points. This qualification depends of the following parts:

System of Evaluation 1 (ES1): ESTIMATION OF THEORETICAL AND PRACTICAL CONTENTS BY MEANS OF ORAL OR WRITTEN TESTS, AND SKILL PERFORMANCE. It will represent 85% of the final qualification. It will consist of two sections: A) continuous evaluation during the scheduled period of classes, with a maximum of 15% and, B) final evaluation, with a maximum qualification of 70%, in which it will be necessary to achieve a minimum of 50% to pass the course. Section B is recoverable in second call.

System of Evaluation 2 (ES2): ORAL OR WRITTEN PRESENTATION OF REPORTS ABOUT INDIVIDUAL OR GROUP WORKS, CLINICAL CASES, RESOLUTION OF PROBLEMS OR MANAGEMENT OF DIAGNOSTIC TESTS. It will add a maximum of 15% of the final qualification. It is necessary to achieve a minimum of 50% in this section to pass the course. This section is recoverable in second call.



Additional considerations:

1. The described sections will be summed only when a student reach the minimum required conditions.
2. If a student do not pass some of the compulsory sections in the first call, the points of the other sections will be save for the second call.
3. Dates of realisation of the tests of the Section A of the ES1 will be established by the teacher along the course. They can be individual or groupal evaluations about the topics listed in the Course Guide.
4. The qualification of the course follow the Normative of Qualifications of the University of Valencia (ACGUV 108/2017). In accordance with it, the following scale of qualification will be used:
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 - Of 0 to 4.9: fail
 - Of 5 to 6.9: pass
 - Of 7 to 8.9: remarkable
 - Of 9 to 10: excellent or excellent with honors

As stated in the normative about the assignement of "Excellent with honors" qualification, it will be for strict order of numerical mark. In case of tie, the qualification will be assigned to the student with higher numerical mark in the Section B of the ES1. If it follows the tie, the higher of the ES2 and, finally the higher of the Section A of the ES1. If all of them are equal, teacher can add an additional exam.

5. The copy or plagiarism of any task of the evaluation will suppose the impossibility to pass the course. The relevant disciplinary measures may be applied.
6. Take into account that, in accordance with the article 13.d) of the Statute of the University Student (RD 1791/2010, of 30 of December), a student is to owe abstain in the utilisation or cooperation in fraudulent procedures in the tests of evaluation and works that he realise, or in official documents of the university.
7. In the individual or colective tutorials, the professor can to ask a student for questions in order to verify the degree of participation and acompliance of the objectives of a task of the course. If not accepting this verification, the student will not pass the task or activity in question .



8. The marks obtained in the first call will be incorporated in the minutes of the subject according to the following rules:

- If there is no qualification evaluation section with greater weight, the rating will not be presented, regardless of the rest.
- If there's rating in the evaluation section with greater weight and does not reach the minimum requirements shall be entered SUSPENSE and base 10 numerical grade qualification of this section.
- If there's rating in the evaluation section with greater weight, and this exceeds the minimum requirements, but those requirements are met in any of the remaining sections consist SUSPENSE and numerical note will be based 10 qualifying paragraph by which does not exceed the subject.

9. SECOND CALL, proceed according to the following rules:

- Only fit the PRESENTED NO option when has not been presented to more than one of the sections of assessment, including among these the highest weighting.
- If scores in all sections of assessment and no minimum requirements are met in any of them, and the note will consist SUSPENSE base 10 corresponding to the section that has not been surpassed. If more than one section, the unsurpassed, consist the maximum score within the suspense in base 10.
- If you do not exceed one or more of the minimum requirements and lack a section evaluation shall be recorded and numerical note SUSPENSE base 10 of qualification paragraph not exceeded.
- If two evaluation points are exceeded and there is a third party that has not presented evidence evaluation shall be recorded SUSPENSE and as rating, the average score being 0.0 part not presented (maximum possible 4.9).
- If the test higher weight is exceeded, but evidence is lacking in one or more of the other sections, consist SUSPENSE. Parts are added together and: a) if the sum is less than 5, it will be recorded as a result; b) if the sum is greater than 5, shall be recorded 4.9.

10. If the subject is passed in first call, the student will not be able to examine in second call with the purpose to improve his note.

11. The consultation and appeal of the qualification obtained shall be subject to the provisions of "Reglament d'avaluació i qualificació de la Universitat de València per a títols de grau i màster (ACGUV de 30 de maig de 2017)".

REFERENCES

Basic

- Pardo, A., Ruiz, M. A. y San Martín, R. (2009).
Análisis de datos en ciencias sociales y de la salud I. Madrid: Síntesis



- Botella, J., Suero, M., Ximénez, C. (2012). Análisis de datos en Psicología I. Madrid: Pirámide
- Molina, J. G. y Rodrigo, M. F. (2012). Estadística I. Valencia: Open Course Ware de la Universitat de Valencia. Disponible en: <http://ocw.uv.es/ciencias-sociales-y-juridicas/estadistica-i/>
- Bock, Velleman y de Veaux (2010, 3rd ed.). Stats: Modeling the World. Pearson Education.
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- Moore, D. S. (2010). The basic practice of statistics. Palgrave Macmillan.
- Monverde-i-Bort, H. y Perea, M. (1991) El enfoque de Análisis Exploratorio de Datos. Valencia: CSV

Additional

- Pardo, A. y Ruiz, M. A. (2009). Gestión de datos con SPSS Statistics. Madrid: Síntesis.
- Amon, J. (ver última edición) Estadística para Psicólogos - 1, estadística descriptiva. Madrid: Pirámide. Este libro también se encuentra disponible en la red: <https://es.scribd.com/document/343786287/AMON-vol-I-Estadistica-para-psicologos-descriptiva-pdf>
- Solanas, A.; Salafranca, L.; Fauquet, J. y Núñez, M.A. (2005). Estadística descriptiva en Ciencias del Comportamiento. Madrid: Thomson.
- Aron, A. y Aron, E.N. (2001). Estadística para psicología. Buenos Aires: Pearson Education.
- Frias-Navarro, D. (Ed.) (2011). Técnica estadística y diseño de investigación. Valencia: Palmero Ediciones.

ADDENDUM COVID-19

This addendum will only be activated if the health situation requires so and with the prior agreement of the Governing Council

English version is not available