

**COURSE DATA****Data Subject**

<b>Code</b>	35941
<b>Name</b>	Statistics II
<b>Cycle</b>	Grade
<b>ECTS Credits</b>	4.5
<b>Academic year</b>	2023 - 2024

**Study (s)**

<b>Degree</b>	<b>Center</b>	<b>Acad. Period</b>
1315 - Degree in Finance and Accounting	Faculty of Economics	2 First term

**Subject-matter**

<b>Degree</b>	<b>Subject-matter</b>	<b>Character</b>
1315 - Degree in Finance and Accounting	12 - Statistics II	Obligatory

**Coordination**

<b>Name</b>	<b>Department</b>
RUIZ PONCE, FELIX	110 - Applied Economics

**SUMMARY**

*Statistics II* is a 4.5 ECTS credit compulsory subject assigned to the area of Quantitative Methods for Economics and Business that is lectured in the first term of the second year of the Finance and Accounting Degree.

In the professional development of graduates in the degree of Finance and Accounting, the concepts developed in *Statistics II* are fundamental for the application of statistical methods to the analysis of numerical data from measurements or observation in the business world being an essential tool in analysis and decision making. The background recommended necessary for the follow-up of this subject are those included in *Statistics I*.

As for the contents of this subject, first there is a brief introduction of general concepts of Statistical Inference. Sampling types and some of the most important applications of convergence in distribution are also introduced. Subsequently, the main elements of the Statistical Inference are stated and developed. After establishing the basic notions of statistical sampling, the estimation of population characteristics and the testing of hypotheses are addressed, both in the parametric and in the non-parametric context.



## PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

### Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

### Other requirements

It is recommended to have studied and passed the first year subjects Mathematics and Statistics I.

## OUTCOMES

### 1315 - Degree in Finance and Accounting

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## LEARNING OUTCOMES

The results that the student is expected to acquire in this subject are the following:

- To complete the knowledge in quantitative methods (*Mathematics I and II* and *Statistics I*) provided in the Basic Training.
- To know the basic statistical concepts, techniques and tools associated with the statistical model: the descriptive and exploratory analysis of initial data, the construction of the probabilistic model, the estimation of its parameters by means of a sample, the analysis of the adaptation of the model to the studied reality and the contrast of hypotheses of interest.
- To know estimation, diagnosis and contrast procedures of basic regression models and time series.

## DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

### 1. INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICAL INFERENCE

1. Central Limit Theorem
2. General concepts: universe, population and sample. Objectives of statistical inference.
3. Types of sampling. Random sampling
4. Statistics and associated distributions.



## 2. ESTIMATION

1. Point estimate. Maximum-likelihood estimators.
2. Confidence interval estimation.
3. Sample-size determination.

## 3. CONTRASTS OF PARAMETRIC HYPOTHESES

1. Concepts of Hypothesis testing.
2. Two tail hypothesis tests.
3. One tail hypothesis tests.

## 4. CONTRASTS FROM NON-PARAMETRIC HYPOTHESES

1. Goodness-of-fit tests.
2. Independence and Homogeneity tests.
3. Other non-parametric tests.

## WORKLOAD

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Computer classroom practice	30,00	100
Theory classes	15,00	100
Attendance at events and external activities	1,00	0
Development of group work	5,00	0
Development of individual work	5,00	0
Study and independent work	15,00	0
Preparation of evaluation activities	15,00	0
Preparing lectures	7,50	0
Preparation of practical classes and problem	15,00	0
Resolution of case studies	3,00	0
Resolution of online questionnaires	1,00	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>112,50</b>	

## TEACHING METHODOLOGY

The development of the subject is, fundamentally, structured around theory sessions and practical sessions. Depending on the type of session (theoretical or practical) one didactic method or a different one will be chosen.



In the theoretical sessions, that last 1 hour, the main contents of each one of the lessons that form the subject will be exposed, introducing the concepts and contextualising them in the different fields of application of the socioeconomic environment.

The predominant teaching method in the theoretical classes will be the participatory master class. This methodology makes it possible to manage large groups of students in an organised manner, offering the advantages of a master class without limiting the participation of students and the teacher-student interaction. It will seek for encouraging participation and discussion in the class, in order to offer students a direct involvement with the content.

In the practical sessions, that last 2 hours, the teacher will propose to students situations (real or fictitious) that they will have to solve applying the theoretical concepts learned. These practical classes will follow different teaching strategies depending on the contents discussed in the corresponding theoretical session, although fundamentally they will be based on the resolution of problems. Their objective is to complement the concepts studied in the theoretical session by applying these to the resolution of practical cases. Likewise, in the practical sessions the teacher will be able to propose one or several activities to be solved by the students that will cover the different lessons of the subject, with the purpose that the student acquires the competences enumerated in this academic guide.

## EVALUATION

The assessment of the student learning in this subject will be done through a triple process: a synthesis test at the end of the semester, which assesses the level of achievement of learning outcomes and especially those focused on the specific competences of the subject with respect to contents and application, the evaluation of the practical activities developed by the student during the course, and the continuous evaluation of students, based on their participation and involvement in the teaching-learning process.

The synthesis test will consist of theoretical and practical questions, giving an important weight to questions that allow to assess if the student has assimilated the key elements of the program. This test will be 70% of the final grade.

The evaluation of the practical activities will be carried out with the evaluation of exercises, works, memories, oral presentations, etc.

The continuous evaluation aims to develop the skills of the students and stimulate daily work and will be based on an assessment of the follow-up made by the students of the subject through participation in the classes. The continuous evaluation and the evaluation of the practical activities will suppose altogether 30% of the final note. By their very nature, continuous assessment activities are NOT recoverable.



The final grade will be the weighted sum of the synthesis test and the continuous evaluation and practical activities. In case the synthesis test is not passed, the final grade cannot exceed a maximum of 4.5.

Students who do not participate in the continuous assessment nor in practical classes may be evaluated in the synthesis test and may obtain a final grade of 7. In order to pass the course, they must have obtained a minimum of 5 out of 7 points in said test

## REFERENCES

### Basic

- CEACES, Proyecto (Contenedor Hipermedia de Estadística Aplicada a las Ciencias Económicas y Sociales). Universitat de València. ON LINE:  
<http://www.uv.es/ceaces>
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### Additional

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- SHELDON M. ROSS (2007): Introducción a la Estadística. Barcelona Reverté.