

COURSE DATA

Data Subject				
Code	35819			
Name	Introduction to statistical inference			
Cycle	Grade			
ECTS Credits	6.0			
Academic year	2023 - 2024			

Study (s)			
Degree	Center	Acad. Period year	
1313 - Degree in Business Management and Administration	Faculty of Economics	2 First term	
1330 - Degree in Business Management and Administration (Ontinyent)	Faculty of Economics	2 First term	
1921 - D.D. in Business Management Administration-Law	Doubles Studies Faculty of Law - Faculty of Economics	2 First term	
1926 - D.D. in Tourism-Business Management Administration	Faculty of Economics	2 First term	
Subject-matter			
Degree	Subject-matter	Character	
1313 - Degree in Business Management and Administration	17 - Expansion of statistics	Obligatory	
1330 - Degree in Business Management and Administration (Ontinyent)	17 - Ampliación de Estadística	Obligatory	
1921 - D.D. in Business Management Administration-Law	3 - Year 2 compulsory subjects	Obligatory	
1926 - D.D. in Tourism-Business Management Administration	3 - Asignaturas de segundo curso	Obligatory	
Coordination			

 Coordination
 Department

 Name
 Department

 AYBAR ARIAS, CRISTINA
 110 - Applied Economics



SUMMARY

Introduction to Statistical Inference is compulsory subject ascribed to the area of Quantitative Methods for Business and Economics. It is taught in the first term of the second year of the degree in Business Administration and Management (ADE) with a total study load of 6 ECTS.

It is a necessary subject for analysis and decision making in a degree that aims at academically training future business managers and entrepreneurs who will contribute to the economic and social development.

The subject is markedly instrumental. Contents are basic for other subjects such as Econometrics and support other courses such as Analysis of Financial Statements, Foundations f Market Research, Quality and Environmental Management, Methods for the Analysis of Business Information and Decision Making, Prospective Techniques, Survey Methodology or Quantitative Techniques in Finance.

The subject starts with a short review of probability models in business and economics. Next the key concepts for Inferential Statistics are introduced, followed by basic notions of sampling. Then estimation of population parameters and hypothesis tests, both parametric and non-parametric, are introduced.

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

Other requirements

It is recommended to have completed and passed the following first year couses: Mathematics and Basic Statistics.

OUTCOMES

1313 - Degree in Business Management and Administration

- Demonstrate capacity for analysis and synthesis.
- Have organisation and planning skills.
- Demonstrate oral and written communication skills in the native language.
- Be able to use English in a professional environment.
- Be able to use ICTs in the field of study.
- Be able to analyse and search for information from different sources.
- Be able to solve problems.
- Be able to make decisions.



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- Be able to negotiate and reconcile interests effectively.
- Be able to transmit and communicate complex ideas and approaches to both specialised and lay audiences.
- Be able to work in a team.
- Have critical and self-critical capacity.
- Manage time effectively.
- Be able to understand and use the different quantitative and qualitative methods to reason analytically, evaluate results and predict economic and financial parameters.
- Be able to carry out strategic diagnoses in complex and uncertain environments using the appropriate methodologies to resolve them.
- Be able to make decisions under certainty and uncertainty environments.
- Be able to apply analytical and mathematical methods for the analysis of economic and business problems.
- Be able to express oneself in formal, graphic and symbolic languages.
- Be able to plan, organise, control and evaluate the implementation of business strategies.
- Develop critical capacity on Spanish and international economic current affairs.
- Be able to analyse the economic situation and understand its implications.

LEARNING OUTCOMES

The student os expected to get the following learning outcomes:

- Ability to recognize an economic problem from the observation of the economic reality.
- Increasing ability to use logical/strategical reasoning to address real economic and business problems.
- Use of basic quantitative tools and their application to the economic environment.
- Ability to choose a theoretical framework to analyse reality.
- Knowledge of the basic quantitative tools for the economic analysis, diagnosis and forecast, such as mathematics, statistics and econometrics.

- Ability to identify econometric problems in the model and to apply theoretical knowledge to address them.

- Search, choose and assess adequate information for the analysis of economic and business environments.



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- Application of different analytical tools under uncertainty.

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. PROBABILITY MODELS AND STOCHASTIC CONVERGENCE

- 1. Random variables and probability models
- 2. Stochastic convergence
- 3. Central Limit Theorem.
- 4. Distributions associated with normally distributed samples

2. INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICAL INFERENCE

- 1. Introduction: universe, population and sample. Objectives of inferential statistics
- 2. Sampling methods. Simple random sampling
- 3. Sampling distributions

3. ESTIMATION

- 1. Point estimation. Properties of estimators.
- 2. Methods for obtaining estimators.
- 3. Interval estimation.
- 4. Sample size determinatios.

4. PARAMETRIC HYPOTHESIS TESTS

- 1. Introduction.
- 2. Two tails hypothesis tests.
- 3. One tail hypothesis tests.

5. NONPARAMETRIC HYPOTHESIS TESTS

- 1. Tests of goodness of fit.
- 2. Tets of independence.
- 3. Other nonparametric tests.



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WORKLOAD

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Theory classes	30,00	100
Classroom practices	30,00	100
Development of individual work	10,00	0
Study and independent work	20,00	0
Preparation of evaluation activities	20,00	0
Preparing lectures	15,00	0
Preparation of practical classes and problem	15,00	0
Resolution of online questionnaires	10,00	0
ΤΟΤΑ	L 150,00	

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

Course time is split equally between lectures and computer lab work. Lectures cover the fundamentals of inferential statistics and all the related theory with special emphasis in developing the link to socioeconomic and business applications. While the teaching method of lectures is "chalk and talk", students' participation and in-class discussion is encouraged.

Computer labs focus on presenting the students with practical examples and finding solutions to problems based on the application of (previously introduced) theoretical concepts. These sessions are based on two main teaching methods:

- *Statistics-lab learning and problem solving*. Students will be conducting some inferential statistical procedures involving calculations, graph/table drawing, and writing short answers to problems or case studies in order to apply theoretical concepts to data using MS-Excel. In most cases students will have to turn in a report of the output and write brief interpretations of it..
- Quizzes and review questions: to check your understanding of assignments and lectures, I will give quizzes and review questions in some classes.

A mix of a collaborative environment and individual work will be used in the computer lab.

EVALUATION

Grades are a weighted average of the results from a final exam and all computer lab assignments

- 1. The weight of the final exam is 70% of the course grade. It will include practical problems to assess students' proficiency in the application of the core tools and concepts of the subject.
- 2. The remainder 30% of the final grade is the assessment of in-class projects, problems and quizzes.
- 3. By its very nature, ongoing evaluation activities, these can not be retaken.



IMPORTANT:

No student will get a positive assessment of the course (5 points or more) without passing the final exam. Students who fail the final exam will get a maximum final grade of 4.5 points.

A student might opt out of in-class assignments assessment. In this case his/her final grade will be totally based on the final exam, with a maximum value of 7 points out of 10.

REFERENCES

Basic

- BEAMONTE, E. (2023). Inferencia Estadística. Grado en Administración y Dirección de Empresas. Tirant lo Blanch, Valencia.
- CEACES, Proyecto (Contenedor Hipermedia de Estadística Aplicada a las Ciencias Económicas y Sociales). Universitat de València. ON LINE: http://www.uv.es/ceaces
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- Paul Newbold, William L. Carlson, Betty Thorne: Statistics for business and economics, Pearson Education 2010.

Additional

- ANDERSON, D.R.; SWEENEY, D.J. y WILLIAMS, T.A. (2001). Estadística para Administración y Economía. International Thomson Editores, México.
- BERENSON, M.L.; LEVINE, D.M y KREHBIEL, T.C. (2001) Estadística para Administración. Pearson-Prentice Hall, México.
- CANAVOS, G.C. (1984). Probabilidad y Estadística: aplicaciones y métodos. McGraw-Hill, México.
- DeGROOT, M.H. (1988). Probabilidad y Estadística. Wilmington: Addison-Wesley Iberoamericana Wilmington.
- ESTEBAN, J. y otros (2008). Curso Básico de Inferencia Estadística. Reproexpres Ediciones, Valencia.
- HILDEBRAND, D.K. y OTT, R.L. (1997). Estadística aplicada a la Administración y a la Economía. Addison-Wesley Iberoamericana, Wilmington.



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- NEWBOLD, P. y otros (2008). Estadística para Administración y Economía. Pearson-Prentice Hall, Madrid (6ª Edición).
- RUÍZ-MAYA, L. y MARTÍN-PLIEGO, F.J. (2004). Fundamentos de Inferencia Estadística. Ed. Thomson, Madrid, (3ª Edición).

