



COURSE DATA

Data Subject

Code	35120
Name	Communication in the English language for tourism III
Cycle	Grade
ECTS Credits	6.0
Academic year	2023 - 2024

Study (s)

Degree	Center	Acad. year	Period
1317 - Degree in Tourism	Faculty of Economics	3	First term
1926 - Double Degree Program Tourism & BMA	Faculty of Economics	3	First term

Subject-matter

Degree	Subject-matter	Character
1317 - Degree in Tourism	17 - Professional English	Obligatory
1926 - Double Degree Program Tourism & BMA	4 - Asignaturas de tercer curso	Obligatory

Coordination

Name	Department
IVORRA PEREZ, FRANCISCO MIGUEL	155 - English and German

SUMMARY

The subject, **Communication in English for Tourism III**, is a basic subject belonging to the module "Foreign Languages Applied to Tourism". It is taught in the first semester of the third year in the degrees in Tourism and TADE. It also offers a fourth level, the optional subject **Intercultural Communication in English for Tourism**.

Communication in English for Tourism III is a tool for communication, as well as the other foreign language courses offered in the degree. This instrumental character, together with the obvious need for specific communication in English, with foreign tourists, makes the subject an essential tool for effective professional performance of multiple tasks within the tourism sector.



Being able to communicate in various foreign languages is a must for future tourism professionals in the workplace. English is undoubtedly the international language par excellence; likewise, it is the language most widely spoken by tourists and visitors to the Valencian Community. Therefore, students of Tourism, future tourism professionals, need to be able to communicate fluently in English and at least in another foreign language to extend the possibilities to practice their profession both inside and outside our borders.

The subject, **Communication in English for Tourism III**, is designed to reinforce and expand the specific knowledge introduced at lower levels, as well as the development of communication skills at a higher level. This subject reinforces the specialty content (ESP) related to international communication in English within the field of tourism.

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

1926 - Double Degree Program Tourism & BMA :

1317 - Degree in Tourism :

R4-OBLIGATION TO HAVE SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE COURSE

35105 - Communication in the English language for tourism I

35119 - Communication in the English language for tourism II

35105 - Communication in the English language for tourism I

35119 - Communication in the English language for tourism II

Other requirements

COMPETENCES (RD 1393/2007) // LEARNING OUTCOMES (RD 822/2021)

1317 - Degree in Tourism

- Have a strong customer service orientation.
- Have communication skills.
- Work in English as a foreign language.
- Work in different socio-cultural environments.
- Show creativity.



LEARNING OUTCOMES (RD 1393/2007) // NO CONTENT (RD 822/2021)

- Oral communication in socio-cultural and professional contexts in the field of tourism.
- Written communication in socio-cultural and professional contexts in the field of tourism.
- Managing interpersonal communication skills in English.
- Knowledge and use of specialized vocabulary.
- Recognition of the peculiarities of tourism services and use of tourism discourse appropriate to each communicative situation.
- Knowledge of the diverse cultures of the countries where the foreign languages and their linguistic varieties are spoken.
- Respect for diversity, cultural, social, racial, gender, and recognition of cultural differences.

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. STAYCATIONS

Describing pictures
Graduate employment
Mass & niche tourism

2. VIRTUAL REALITY TOURISM

Successful study
Professional skills
Tourist motivation

3. SOLO TRAVELERS

Effective Reading
Writing a CV
Authenticity

4. GENERATIONS X & Y

Analyzing content
Networking
Events & festivals



5. SUSTAINABILITY

Note taking
Writing reports
Heathrow expansion

6. BLEISURE

Learning styles
Finding a job abroad
Heritage tourism

7. SMART HOTELS

Time management
Team work
Dark tourism

8. RESTAURANT STORIES

Goals and targets
Professional skills
Slow food

9. WELLNESS

Stress management
Emotional intelligence
Rural tourism

10. PERSONALIZATION

Critical thinking
Effective communication
Health tourism

11. RESTAURANT TRENDS

Reading academic texts
Careers in F&B
Gastrotourism



12. BRANDING

Collaborative study
Coaching and mentoring
LGBT tourism

13. GUYANA

Information management
Careers in THE
Tourism development

14. TASMANIA

The power hour
Vlogging
Film-induced tourism

15. SLOVENIA

Building your argument
Starting up
Cruise tourism

16. SWEDEN

Making a presentation
Event management
Cultural tourism

17. COSTA RICA

Essay writing
Careers in leisure
Adventure tourism

18. DOMINICA

ICT
Customer service
Community tourism



WORKLOAD

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Classroom practices	60,00	100
Attendance at events and external activities	5,00	0
Development of group work	20,00	0
Development of individual work	10,00	0
Study and independent work	15,00	0
Readings supplementary material	5,00	0
Preparation of evaluation activities	20,00	0
Preparing lectures	5,00	0
Preparation of practical classes and problem	10,00	0
TOTAL	150,00	

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

A communicative methodology is used, based on the communicative interaction in the classroom, in pairs, groups, large group and/or directly with the teacher. Communicative practice occurs in each class in order to achieve effective communication within the professional tourism field. Consequently, the four basic communicative skills, *Listening*, *Speaking*, *Reading* and *Writing* are practiced and developed, at various levels depending on the year.

The students are at the centre of the teaching-learning process and are responsible for their own learning. Thus, autonomous work, both in and out of the classroom, is a fundamental element in their learning process, as well as teamwork, projects and tutorials.

EVALUATION

The assessment of the subject will be carried out through the following procedure:

- 1. FINAL EXAM (70%): written test (50%) + oral test (20%)**
- 2. CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT (30%): practical activities carried out in the classroom (15%) + course project (15%).**

1. FINAL EXAM (70%)

The **final exam** accounts for 70% of the final grade. It consists of two parts: **written exam** (50%) and **oral exam** (20%).



1.1. The **written exam** consists of two parts: **Part I:** Use of English, Listening and Reading and **Part II:** Writing. It is necessary to obtain a minimum of 50% in each part to pass the written exam.

1.2. The **oral exam** (Speaking) assesses the oral production and interaction skills within the field of tourism and consists of two parts: **Part I:** Production and **Part II:** Interaction. It is necessary to obtain a minimum of 50% in each part to pass the oral exam.

To pass the subject, a minimum of 5 out of 10 must be obtained in each of the parts of both the written and the oral exam. The grades of the sections that have been passed are kept for the second call.

2. CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT (30%)

Continuous assessment (CA) constitutes 30% of the final grade. The aim of continuous evaluation is to develop specific competencies for every subject, monitor and evaluate the individual work of each student through their attendance and active participation in the development of the lessons, delivery of assignments, attendance at tutorials, etc., as well as the degree of acquisition of the skills proposed in each subject. The continuous assessment consists of two parts: **practical activities** (15%) and **course project** (15%).

2.1. Practical activities (15%). These activities are carried out by the student individually, in the classroom and on the date established by the lecturers, to practice and develop the skills of comprehension and expression of oral and written communication, such as writing different types of genres (brochures, essays, emails ...), oral presentations, participation in debates, etc. In order to be able to have the activities that make up the continuous evaluation assessed, these must be done in the classroom on the date and in the form that is stipulated for each one of them. The delivery of activities outside the indicated date will not be allowed.-

2.2. Course project (15%). This is a long project carried out by the students in groups in the classroom. It is developed throughout the semester, with a weekly / bi-weekly follow-up on the dates established by the lecturers. The aim is to develop transversal skills such as teamwork, creativity, innovation, digital skills, written and oral expression, among others. Due to the nature of the subject and the characteristics of the work, in which both the process and the product are evaluated, the course project can **only** be submitted by students attending the lessons on a regular basis (current UV regulations, minimum of attendance: 80%).

The **global final grade** consists of the weighted average between the marks obtained in the written exam (50%), oral exam (20%) and continuous assessment (CA) (30%) –if there is some. The mark obtained in the **continuous assessment** (CA) can only be considered if all the parts of the written and oral exam have been passed. In order to pass the whole subject, students must obtain a minimum of 50% in each part (written exam, oral exam and continuous assessment).

Students who do **not** follow the **continuous assessment** (CA) (30%) will only be able to obtain a maximum of **70%** in the final grade. In this case, to pass the subject, it is necessary that the weighted average obtained between the written exam and the oral exam be a minimum of 7.2 out of 10, having passed both the written and oral exams. The final grade will result from the weighted sum of the written exam, oral exam and continuous assessment. If students fail one of these two exams (or one part of them), the maximum mark of the final grade will be 4.5. The mark corresponding to the parts that have been passed will be carried over to the second call. The activities that make up the continuous assessment, due to its own nature, cannot be done and handed in later on.



***Coping in an exam and/or plagiarism is a serious offence which goes against academic honesty; therefore, it will not be tolerated in this subject and may bring about sanctions such as failing the whole subject.**

REFERENCES

Basic

- Hewings, Martin (2013). *Advanced Grammar in Use*. Third Edition. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Martínez-Cabeza, Miguel A. & M. Carmen Espínola Rosillo (2022). *English for Tourism Studies*. Granada: Editorial Universidad de Granada.

Additional

- Foley, M. & D. Hall (2012). *MyGrammarLab. Advanced*. Harlow: Pearson Education Ltd.
- Sweeney, S. (2003). *English for Business Communication*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Hall, D. & M. Foley (2012). *MyGrammarLab. Advanced*. Harlow: Pearson Education Ltd.
- Walker, R. & K. Harding (2009) *Tourism 3. Oxford English for Careers*. K. Harding & R. Walker. Student's Book. Oxford University Press.