

**COURSE DATA**

<b>Data Subject</b>	
<b>Code</b>	35117
<b>Name</b>	Geography of tourism in Spain
<b>Cycle</b>	Grade
<b>ECTS Credits</b>	6.0
<b>Academic year</b>	2023 - 2024

**Study (s)**

Degree	Center	Acad. Period	year
1317 - Degree in Tourism	Faculty of Economics	2	Second term
1926 - D.D. in Tourism-Business Management Administration	Faculty of Economics	2	Second term

**Subject-matter**

Degree	Subject-matter	Character
1317 - Degree in Tourism	16 - Geography of tourism I	Obligatory
1926 - D.D. in Tourism-Business Management Administration	3 - Asignaturas de segundo curso	Obligatory

**Coordination**

Name	Department
VALERA LOZANO, ANTONIO	195 - Geography

**SUMMARY**

The Geography of Tourism in Spain deepens concepts learned in previous semesters and reveals the multiple relationships and interactions between tourism and Spain. The course analyzes the factors that affect the location of tourist activity, the different types, their contribution to economic development and the ability to transform Spanish society and territory.



## PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

### Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

### Other requirements

Students should have an instrumental knowledge of foreign languages (like French, English, German, etc.) that allows them to read and understand any documents or texts written in these languages.

Knowledge of office automation systems to deliver exercises, resumes, etc. in a digital form, even to prepare oral presentations with Power Point, for instance.

Effectively use web-based platforms (such as official organizations: United Nations, Instituto Nacional de Estadística, etc.).

It is recommended hav

## OUTCOMES

### 1317 - Degree in Tourism

- Recognise the main tourist agents.
- Evaluate tourist potentials and make the prospective analysis of their exploitation.
- Identify and manage tourist areas and destinations.
- Manage the tourist territory according to the principles of sustainability.
- Analyse the impact of tourism.

## LEARNING OUTCOMES

- Understand the nature of the multiple relationships and interactions that occur between tourism and the territory in which it sits.
- Analyze the territorial factors involved in the implementation and development of tourism.
- Knowledge of the main agents of the current tourism.
- Make accurate diagnoses on the situation of tourism in different countries and regions, through the knowledge of the tourism situation global and through the correct identification of the key elements in each territory.

## DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS



## 1. The diversity of Spanish territory and its relations with tourism

Introduction to Geography of Spain I: the territorial organization of Spain

Introduction to Geography of Spain II: the physical environment, resources and territorial processes

## 2. Factors affecting tourism in Spain

Natural factors of Spanish as tourist conditioning

Spanish cultural and technical factors territory as tourist conditioning

## 3. History of the implementation of tourism in Spain

History of Spanish tourism

## 4. Geography of tourism in Spain

Quantitative and qualitative data sources for the study of tourism in Spain

Spanish approach to tourism from the supply and demand side: accommodation, etc.

## 5. Routes, itineraries and major tourist regions of Spain

Coastal regions I: north and northwest Spanish

Coastal regions II: the Mediterranean Basin (includes tourism in Valencia)

Island regions

Inland regions I: the Ebro Valley

Inland regions II: Meseta

## WORKLOAD

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Theory classes	45,00	100
Classroom practices	15,00	100
Attendance at events and external activities	5,00	0
Development of group work	30,00	0
Development of individual work	30,00	0
Study and independent work	25,00	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>150,00</b>	



## TEACHING METHODOLOGY

The “in person classes” (60 hours) will include:

- Theory based classes: formal presentation of the key concepts and procedures. Students are encouraged to learn as autonomously as possible, acquiring the knowledge and skills targeted in each unit of this guide and in the additional material used in the classroom.
- Practical classes: Discussion of exercises, exam models resolution, data base identification, etc.
- Other activities: television documentaries, seminars participation, field trip excursions, etc.
- Interviews at tutorials (individual or in group)
- Continuous assessment

Non in-person classes (90 hours), it includes the resolution of practical exercises, individual study, etc. We recommend that non-Spanish speakers contact the professor at the beginning of the course.

## EVALUATION

Assessment will be made up of 2 parts:

1. Individual final writing-examination (60%).
2. Practical activities (individual or group (2-3 students)) (40%).

In specific cases (listed in the Annex to the Guide), you can raise an assessment dependent exclusively written test (ie that is worth 100% of the final grade).

Attendance at both the theoretical and practical classes will be assessed positively ("positive discrimination"), but in any case simply not going to penalize them.

We recommend that non-Spanish speakers contact the professor at the beginning of the course.

## REFERENCES

### Basic

- Calabuig, J. y Minstral, M. (1994): Manual de geografía turística de España. Síntesis, 493 pp.
- Cortina, F. (2011): Las estadísticas Oficiales de Turismo: principales lagunas en el contexto nacional e internacional. Estudios de Economía Aplicada, 29 (3), pp. 693-708.
- Franco, T. (2010): Geografía de España (Física, Humana y Económica). Madrid: Corydon.
- Gil Olcina, A. y Gómez Mendoza, J. (2001): Geografía de España. Barcelona: Ariel.
- Jiménez, M. (2009): Turismo y Unión Europea: una propuesta de política comunitaria y de innovación comercial en el Mediterráneo Europeo. Tesis Doctoral, Universidad de Sevilla, Dpto. de



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- Pardo, C. (2013): Territorio y recursos turísticos. Análisis geográfico del turismo en España. Editorial Universitaria Ramón Areces, UNED, 364 pp.
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- Calle Vaquero, M. de la. (2019). Turistificación de centros urbanos: clarificando el debate. *Boletín de la Asociación de Geógrafos Españoles*, 83, 2829, 140. <http://dx.doi.org/10.21138/bage.2829>
- del Romero, L. (2018): Touristification, Sharing Economies and the New Geography of Urban Conflicts. *Urban Scidence*, 2 (104). <http://dx.doi.org/10.3390/urbansci204010>
- Sepúlveda, A. y Plumer, M. (2018): La investigación y la información estadística en turismo en España, hacia un sistema de conocimiento e inteligencia turística. *Estudios Turísticos*, 215: págs. 101-120

**Additional**

- Aertsen, V. (2011): El cine como inductor del turismo. La experiencia turística en Vicky, Cristina y Barcelona. *Razón y Palabra*, Vol. 77, nº 2.
- Hudson, S. y Ritchie, JR. (2006): Promoting destinations via film tourism: an empirical identification of supporting marketing initiatives. *Journal of Travel Research*, nº 44, 387-396.
- Martínez, A. (2008): El cine como soporte didáctico para explicar la evolución del viaje y la actividad turística. *Cuadernos de Turismo*, nº 22, 145-163.
- Martínez, M. (2000): El empleo de la geología como soporte ambiental en el cine. *Boletín Geológico y Minero*, Vol. 111, nº 5, 79-84.
- Sánchez, A. M., & Jesús, F. (2018). Impacto del turismo rural sobre el empleo en España: una aproximación a escala provincia. *Cuadernos de Desarrollo Rural*, vol. 15, núm. 82, 2018.
- Fernández Rodríguez, C. (2013): Derecho administrativo del turismo, Madrid: Ed. Marcial Pons.