

**COURSE DATA****Data Subject**

<b>Code</b>	34896
<b>Name</b>	Computer security
<b>Cycle</b>	Grade
<b>ECTS Credits</b>	6.0
<b>Academic year</b>	2022 - 2023

**Study (s)**

<b>Degree</b>	<b>Center</b>	<b>Acad. year</b>	<b>Period</b>
1403 - Degree in Telematics Engineering	School of Engineering	3	Second term

**Subject-matter**

<b>Degree</b>	<b>Subject-matter</b>	<b>Character</b>
1403 - Degree in Telematics Engineering	16 - Management of systems	Obligatory

**Coordination**

<b>Name</b>	<b>Department</b>
PEREZ CONDE, CARLOS	240 - Computer Science
SORIANO GARCIA, FRANCISCO R	240 - Computer Science

**SUMMARY**

Computer Security is an essential component of a computer system. Security requirements can change very quickly. On the one hand, computing dependence for daily life tasks is rapidly increasing. This brings increasing demands and expectations that indeed include security aspects, such as privacy or security in commercial transactions. On the other hand, new technologies are constantly emerging. Although these allow the construction of more sophisticated security mechanisms, they also permit the realization of more sophisticated attacks.

In this context, the subject “Computer Security” attempts to provide an overview of the essential security elements in a computer system. The contents focus on fundamental principles, and aims at teaching the student to be able to decide on and apply the most appropriate tools and techniques to accomplish the security requirements of a computer system.



The course relies on previous contents introduced in the subjects of networking, operating systems, databases and programming. These are extended with other contents related to computer security, such as security policies, vulnerability assessment, intrusion detection or forensic analysis.

"Information Security" is taught in the second semester of the third year, as part of the module "Computer Systems Administration".

## PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

### Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

### Other requirements

It is recommended that the student has completed the following subjects: Computer Science, Advanced Computer Science, Operating Systems and Computer Network Architecture. Among them, the last two are particularly relevant. They address some security-related concepts that are extended in this course

## OUTCOMES

### 1403 - Degree in Telematics Engineering

- R1 - Ability for self-learning of new knowledge and techniques appropriate for the conception, development and exploitation of telecommunications systems and services.
- G4 - Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision-making and creativity, and to communicate and transmit knowledge, abilities and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the activity of a telecommunications technical engineer.
- E1 - Ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication networks, services, processes and applications, understood as systems for the acquisition, transport, representation, processing, storage, management and presentation of multimedia information, from the perspective of telematics services.
- E2 - Ability to apply the techniques under the telematic networks, services and applications, such as management systems, signaling and switching, routing, security (cryptographic protocols, tunneling, firewall, collecting mechanisms, authenticating and protecting contents), traffic engineering (graph theory, queuing theory and teletraffic) pricing and reliability and quality of service, in fixed, mobile, personal, local or long distance environments, with different bandwidths, and including telephony and data.



- E3 - Ability to construct, operate and manage telematic services using analytical tools for planning, dimensioning and analysis.

## LEARNING OUTCOMES

- Design and evaluate the security policy of an organization, including both the previous analysis and management of security incidents G-4, E-2).
- Design, implement, maintain and evaluate the security mechanisms needed to ensure compliance with the security policy G-4, R-1, E-2).
- Design, implement, maintain and evaluate mechanisms to detect incidents and to address them properly G-4, E-2).
- Evaluate new products and technologies and, where appropriate, apply them to maintain the level of security required G-4, R-1, E-2).
- Coordinate with other technical professionals (system administrators, network, database, applications ...) to ensure proper operation of computer systems G-4, E-2).
- Adequately report security incidents, and interpret properly the security alerts released by others G-4, E-2).
- Explain the benefits of adopting security measures to both users and managers G-4, E-2).

## DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

### 1. Introduction

Security concept

What do we want to protect and why? Security Policy

What do we protect against? Risks and vulnerabilities

The security process

Regulations (ethics, law and standards, ISACA, ISO 27000, IS2)

### 2. Security mechanisms

This unit consists of three chapters:

A- Cryptography

-- Symmetric cryptography

-- Public key cryptography

-- Hashes

-- Lab

B- Host based security

-- Validation and authentication

-- Access Control

-- Secure programming

-- Server and client security

-- Lab

C- Perimeter Security



- Basic technologies
- Firewall Architectures
- Application Firewalls
- Lab

### 3. Intrusion Detection and Response

Host Intrusion Detection Systems (HIDS)  
Network Intrusion Detection Systems (NIDS)  
Honeypots and Honeynets  
Forensic Analysis  
Lab

### 4. Audit and Ethical Hacking

Introduction to the audit process  
The penetration test and types  
Phases of an attack / pentest  
Tools for ethical hacking

## WORKLOAD

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Theory classes	30,00	100
Laboratory practices	20,00	100
Classroom practices	10,00	100
Development of group work	10,00	0
Study and independent work	20,00	0
Readings supplementary material	10,00	0
Preparation of evaluation activities	20,00	0
Preparing lectures	20,00	0
Preparation of practical classes and problem	10,00	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>150,00</b>	

## TEACHING METHODOLOGY

Activities will be conducted according to the following distribution:

- Theoretical activities. During theory lectures, the key and most complex aspects will be explained in detail. Student participation will be promoted (E-2).
- Practical activities. They complement the theoretical activities. These include the



following: exercise-based lectures, discussion sessions, labs and scheduled tutorials.

During the practical activities, students will apply the foundations of computer security to solve a range of practical challenging problems (G-4, E-2).

- Student's individual work. This includes the realization (outside the classroom) of monographs, literature research, questions, problems, and the preparation of classes and exams (study). These are done individually and attempt to promote autonomous learning. (G-4, R-1, E-2).
- Team-Work in small groups. Team work done in small groups (2-4) outside the classroom. This type of activity attempts to develop team work skills (G-4, R-1, E-2).

## EVALUATION

### FIRST CALL

The subject may be evaluated in two ways. In the first scheme, both in-class quizzes and the final quiz have a weight in the final mark. In the second scheme, in-class quizzes do not compute. The final grade will be the greater of the grades obtained by using the two schemes.

In the first call the course grade will be composed of the following:

Evaluation of theory and problems (TP).

This part will account for 75% of the final grade. The student will need to obtain a minimum of 4.5 points out of 10 to be able to pass the module. Otherwise the module will be failed. The mark for this part will depend on student participation and three quizzes taken along the course. These are detailed below:

The Continuous Evaluation (EC) component is based on the student's participation and involvement in the teaching-learning process. Both regular attendance and in-class activities are considered. This part is not recoverable. (G-4, R-1, E-2)

Quizzes. These consist of two in-class quizzes which will be conducted in the first half of the semester (called T1) and during the second half of the semester (T2), and one final quiz that will be conducted outside school hours during the exam period (called T3). (G-4, E-2)

Each of these tests will address all of the subject content taught until the quiz date.

TP is calculated as follows:

$$TP = 0.20 * EC + 0.1 * T1 + 0.25 * T2 + 0.4 * T3$$



Evaluation of the laboratory activities (L), which depends on the achievement of objectives in the laboratory sessions. (G-4, E-2)

Labs are carried out in pairs. Laboratory grade accounts for 25% of the final grade. As with TP, it will be necessary to obtain a minimum of 4.5 points out of 10 to be able to pass the module. Otherwise the module will be failed. All lab sessions will have the same weight on the final grade.

Were some student unable to attend a session, lab work should be submitted to the lab instructor before the laboratory session is held. Delivery shall be in person, during tutorial hours. The student should be prepared to answer questions about the work and to re-do parts of it in real-time (with minor changes). This type of delivery will be penalized by subtracting 20% of the grade obtained.

The algorithm used to compute the final grade is given below:

If TP is minor than 4.5 or L is minor than 4.5

$\text{final\_grade} = \text{Minimum}(\text{TP}, \text{L})$

In another case:

$\text{final\_grade} = 0.75 * \text{TP} + 0.25 * \text{L}$

In the case of not having passed the subject following the continuous assessment (or in the case that the mark calculated in this second way is more favourable for the student), the the mark calculated in this second way would be more favourable for the student), the T3 assessment evaluation test T3 will be the final exam of the subject and TP will be calculated in the following way:

$\text{TP} = 0.20 * \text{EC} + 0.80 * \text{T3}$

The final mark will be calculated in the same way as for continuous assessment.

### **Second Call**

In the second call, the course will be assessed in the same way as in the first call, with the following exceptions.

- a.- There will be a deadline for the delivery of labs with the same conditions as in the first call (logically they will not be carried out in the laboratory), except that the penalty will be 30% and that the delivery must be done before the exam of the second call.
- b.- The exam of the second round will replace the T3 test.
- c.- In the EC part, the student's mark will be maintained.

### **Advance Call**

To apply for an advance call, students must have previously taken the course and have obtained the minimum mark required in assessing the practical laboratory activities (L). In this way, it is attempted to reconcile the right of students to an advance call with the subject's teaching methodology and evaluation criteria.



In any case, the evaluation system will be governed by what is established in the Evaluation and Qualification Regulations of the Universitat de València for degrees and masters (<https://webges.uv.es/uvTaeWeb/MuestraInformacionEdictoPublicoFrontAction.do?accion=inicio&idEdictoSeleccionado=5639>).

## REFERENCES

### Basic

- Referencia b1: Charles P. Pfleeger et altres, Security in Computing, Fifth Edition, Prentice Hall, 2015, ISBN-13: 978-0-13-408507-4
- Referencia b2: Stephen Northcutt et altres, Inside Network Perimeter Security. Sams; 2005, ISBN-13: 978-0672327377
- Referencia b3: Schneier, Bruce. Applied Cryptography : Protocols, Algorithms and Source Code in C, John Wiley & Sons, Incorporated, 2015. ISBN: ISBN:9781119096726, 9781119439028.

### Additional

- Referencia c1: Elizabeth D. Zwicky et altres, Building Internet Firewalls, O'Reilly Media, Inc 2nd edition; 2000, ISBN-13: 978-1-56592-871-8
- Referencia c2: Sammons, John. Waltham, Mass. The basics of digital forensics: the primer for getting started in digital forensics. Syngress, c2012. 1st edition. ISBN: 1-59749-662-6, 1-59749-661-8.
- Referencia c3: John Vacca, Computer and Information Security Handbook, 2nd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2012, ISBN-13: 978-0-12-394397-2
- Referencia c4: B. Carrier, File system forensic analysis, Addison-Wesley Professional; 2005, ISBN-13: 978-0321268174
- Referencia c5: Bruce Nikkel. Practical Linux Forensics. No Starch Press, 2021. ISBN: 1098129784, 9781098129781
- Referencia c6: D. Farmer, W. Venema, Forensic Discovery, Addison-Wesley Professional; 2005, ISBN-13: 978-0201634976