

COURSE DATA

Data Subject			
Code	34797		
Name	Signals and Linear Systems		
Cycle	Grade		
ECTS Credits	6.0	6.0	
Academic year	2020 - 2021	2020 - 2021	
Study (s)			
Degree		Center	Acad. Period year
1402 - Degree in Telecommunications Electronic Engineering		School of Engineering	2 First term
		School of Engineering	2 Filst term
Electronic Enginee		School of Engineering	2 Filst term
Electronic Enginee Subject-matter		School of Engineering Subject-matter	Character
Electronic Enginee Subject-matter Degree	ring elecommunications		80
Electronic Enginee Subject-matter Degree 1402 - Degree in T Electronic Enginee	ring elecommunications	Subject-matter 10 - Telecommunication signals,	Character
Electronic Enginee Subject-matter Degree 1402 - Degree in T	ring elecommunications	Subject-matter 10 - Telecommunication signals,	Character

SUMMARY

The Signals and Systems subject is the first contact the student with a large number of tools to use in many areas: communications, control, sonar, radar, image processing, etc.. This course will introduce concepts of signal processing with linear systems.

Describe the tools used by engineers to design systems. The knowledge gained will be applied in many fields such as audio processing, voice, image, communications, control, biomedical engineering etc.. Fields to be developed further in other subjects of the degree.

Although sometimes it may seem like a subject with abstract content with a considerable amount of mathematics, it is necessary to consider which is the basis for understanding multiple techniques of signal analysis and both continuous and discrete systems. Not to forget the large number of fields of application will use practical examples of these techniques on real problems in the lab sessions.



The goal is that by the end of the course the student is able to analyze a system and calculate its output LTI well in the temporal domain well in the transformed domain properly using Laplace transforms, Fourier or Z as appropriate.

This is the first time the student comes into contact with discrete signals, base to perform the same treatment by a computer, microcontroller, programmable logic device, digital signal processor, etc., so we will describe the process to obtain signals from discrete sampling of continuous signals detailing what the requirements for the sampling process is adequate.

Finally, we introduce signals that do not follow a deterministic pattern and its main features. These signals will be very useful is the study of communication systems.

In summary, we show that this subject is the basis to study in depth of digital signal processing, control theory, communications and other disciplines of a Telecommunications Engineer.

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

Other requirements

The student must have completed the courses of mathematics and computer science that are taught in first degree course.

OUTCOMES

1402 - Degree in Telecommunications Electronic Engineering

- R1 Ability for self-learning of new knowledge and techniques appropriate for the conception, development and exploitation of telecommunications systems and services.
- G3 Acquisition of the knowledge of the basic and technological subjects that allows students to learn new methods and theories and endows them with the versatility to adapt to new situations.
- G4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision-making and creativity, and to communicate and transmit knowledge, abilities and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the activity of a telecommunications technical engineer.

LEARNING OUTCOMES

- Be capable of analyze and specify the fundamental parameters of a communication system (B4, E7).



- Be capable of making an analysis/design of communication elements from a sistemic point of view (TE7, R4).

To complement the above results, this subject also to acquire the following skills and social skills:

- Understand the concepts of signal sequence.
- Understand the concept of system.
- Know how to classify the signals (periodic pairs) and systems (causal, linear, stable, etc.)
- Understand the frequency representation of signals.
- Understand the differences between signals and systems continuous and discrete time.
- Understand the concept of "aliasing".
- Understand the process of converting continuous-discrete and discrete-continuous and associated problems.
- Know how to obtain the impulse response of a system from its difference equation / differential.
- Know how to obtain the output of an LTI system to a given input by convolution.
- Understand the concepts of transfer function and frequency response of a system
- Know how to use the Laplace transform to the analysis of the continuous system.
- Know how to use the Z transform as a tool for the analysis of discrete systems.
- Know analyzes of continuous and discrete systems with Matlab.
- Capacity for critical analysis and synthesis.
- Ability to organize and plan.
- Appropriate use of scientific and technical terms.
- Ability to handle texts on the description of signals and systems.
- Ability to communicate orally and in writing.
- Ability to manage information.
- Decision making.
- Ability to work in a multidisciplinary team.
- Skills in interpersonal relations.
- Critical Thinking.
- Ethical commitment.
- Ability to apply knowledge in practice.
- Ability to learn and work independently.
- Adapting to new situations.
- Creativity. Ability to explore new solutions.

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. Introduction

- 1.1 Concept of signal. Types and operations.
- 1.2 Power and energy.
- 1.3 Systems L.T.I (continuous and discrete)
- 1.4 Types of systems. Properties.
- 1.5 Connection of system.



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2. Sampling of continuous signals

- 2.1 Conversion A / D and D / A.
- 2.2 Sampling Theorem.
- 2.3 Stages in an A / D conversion
- 2.4 Stages in a D / A conversion

3. Systems in the temporal domain.

- 3.1 Continuous systems: differential equations.
- 3.2 Discrete systems: difference equations.
- 3.3 Impulse response.
- 3.4 Convolution. Properties.
- 3.5 Signal correlation

4. Systems in the transformed domain.

- 4.1 Laplace Transform. Definition and use.
- 4.2 Transform Z. Definition and use.
- 4.3 Connection between the Laplace transform and Z transform

5. Systems in the frequencial domain.

- 5.1 Output of sinusoidal inputs in continuous LTI systems.
- 5.2 Fourier Series.
- 5.3 Fourier Transform.
- 5.4 Frequency response.
- 5.5 Bode plot
- 5.6 Discret case.



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WORKLOAD

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Theory classes	30,00	100
Laboratory practices	20,00	100
Classroom practices	10,00	100
Development of group work	5,00	0
Study and independent work	6,00	0
Readings supplementary material	6,00	0
Preparation of evaluation activities	10,00	0
Preparing lectures	34,00	0
Preparation of practical classes and problem	29,00	0
ΤΟΤΑ	L 150,00	

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

The training activities are conducted in accordance with the following distribution:

• theoretical activities (B4, TE7, R4).

Description: In the theoretical issues will be developed to provide a global and inclusive, analyzing in detail the key issues and more complex, promoting at all times, student participation.

• Practical activities (B4, TE7, R4).

Description: Complementing the theoretical activities in order to apply the basic concepts and extend them with knowledge and experience they acquire during the course of the work proposed. They include the following types of classroom activities:

- Classes of problems and issues in the classroom
- Regular discussion and resolution of problems and exercises for students previously worked
- Lab.

It will use the platform of e-learning (virtual classroom) from the University of Valencia in support of communication with students. Through it you will have access to learning materials used in class as well as solve problems and exercises.



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EVALUATION

Assessment of learning is done by combining different tests:

• Objective test, consisting of one or more tests that consist of both theoretical and practical issues and problems (60%) (B4, TE7, R4).

• Evaluation of laboratory activities from the preparation of papers / reports and / or oral (40%) (B4, TE7, R4).

It is mandatory to obtain a minimum of 4 points on the parties to perform an average of all notes.

In any case, the evaluation system will be subordinate to the Evaluation and Qualification Regulation of the University of Valencia for Masters and Degrees

(https://webges.uv.es/uvTaeWeb/MuestraInformacionEdictoPublicoFrontAction.do?accion=inicio&idEdi ctoSeleccionado=5639).

REFERENCES

Basic

 Referencia b1: S. S. Soliman, M. A. Rodríguez Hernández, M. Srinath and A. Torres Suárez, Señales y Sistemas Continuos y Discretos. ,2 , última reimpr ed.Madrid etc.: Prentice Hall, 2000, pp. 542. ISBN:8483221543

Referencia b2: A. V. Oppenheim, S. H. Nawab and A. S. Willsky, Señales y Sistemas. ,2 ed.México etc.: Prentice-Hall Hispanoamericana, 1998, pp. 956. ISBN:970170116X

Referencia b3: H. P. Hsu, Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Signals and Systems. New York etc.: McGraw-Hill, 1995, pp. 466. ISBN:0070306419

Additional

- Referencia c1: S. Haykin and B. van der Veen, Señales y Sistemas. México: Limusa-Wiley, 2001, pp. 742. ISBN:9681859146

Referencia c2: E. W. Kamen and B. S. Heck, Fundamentals of Signals and Systems : Using the Web and Matlab. ,2nd ed.Upper Saddle River NJ: Prentice Hall, 2000, pp. 722. ISBN:0130172936

Referencia c3: A. Ambardar, Procesamiento De Señales Analógicas y Digitales. ,2 ed.México etc.: Thomson, 2002, pp. 811. ISBN:970686038X

Referencia c4: D. K. Lindner, Introducción a Las Señales y Los Sistemas. Bogotá etc.: McGraw-Hill, 2002, pp. 970. ISBN:0256252599



ADDENDUM COVID-19

This addendum will only be activated if the health situation requires so and with the prior agreement of the Governing Council

In the event that presential lectures are not possible, both theoretical and practical sessions will be taught through asynchronous video-lessons or synchronous lectures using virtual platforms supported by Universitat de València, such as Blackboard Collaborate.

The exams will be carried out through the delivery of tasks or questionnaires through the Aula Virtual.

For this non-presential evaluation, the percentages assigned to the evaluation items will not vary.

In the event of a closure of the facilities due to the health situation that totally or partially affects the classes of the subject, these will be replaced by non-presential sessions following the established schedules. If the closure affects any presential assessment test of the subject, it will be replaced by a test of a similar nature that will be carried out in virtual mode through the tools with institutional support from the University of Valencia. The percentages of each evaluation test will remain unchanged, as established by this guide.

