

**COURSE DATA****Data Subject**

<b>Code</b>	34743
<b>Name</b>	Mathematics I
<b>Cycle</b>	Grade
<b>ECTS Credits</b>	6.0
<b>Academic year</b>	2022 - 2023

**Study (s)**

<b>Degree</b>	<b>Center</b>	<b>Acad. year</b>	<b>Period</b>
1401 - Degree in Chemical Engineering	School of Engineering	1	First term
1934 - Double Degree Program in Chemistry-Chemical Engineering	Faculty of Chemistry	1	First term

**Subject-matter**

<b>Degree</b>	<b>Subject-matter</b>	<b>Character</b>
1401 - Degree in Chemical Engineering	1 - Mathematics	Basic Training
1934 - Double Degree Program in Chemistry-Chemical Engineering	1 - Primer curso	Obligatory

**Coordination**

<b>Name</b>	<b>Department</b>
LOPEZ SORIA, LUIS ANTONIO	363 - Mathematics
MACIA JUAN, OSCAR	363 - Mathematics
MOYA PEREZ, JUAN ANTONIO	363 - Mathematics

**SUMMARY**

The course Mathematics I is part of the scientific background to be acquired by all students of engineering before entering fully into the specifics of the degree. The course serves as a foundation for more advanced mathematical concepts studied in Mathematics II and III. Given the extent of the material and the very limited number of hours, the course will be mainly practical: the aim is that the students will be able to apply the methods discussed to solve problems. The course contents are: Linear Algebra, Geometry, Differential and integral calculus of one real variable and Statistics, which are divided into thematic units as listed in Section 6.



The **general objectives** of the course are:

- To manage with ease the elementary techniques of matrix algebra. In particular, to solve systems of linear equations and to know how to reduce a problem to a system of linear equations.
- To use geometric intuition to enrich mathematical knowledge, and vice versa, to take advantage of the vocabulary of mathematics to raise geometric vision.
- To acquire a basic understanding of the concepts and terminology of functions of one real variable (relating properties of a function and the shape of its graph, understanding what is the derivative and how it is used and similar questions regarding the integration) and the corresponding calculation skills.
- To understand the basic statistical definitions and apply them in simple situations
- To perform some simple applications of interest in engineering, building on the basic content of the course.

## PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

### Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

### Other requirements

We assume that the student has mastered a mathematical content equivalent to the Mathematics in First year of the Spanish Bachillerato.

While successful completion of the Mathematics in second year would be desirable, it is not strictly necessary. All technical units start with the indicated level and cover the skills of the second year before proceeding any further.

Nevertheless, we arrive to a much higher level so the work pace is strong and the student who has not completed high school mathematics

## COMPETENCES (RD 1393/2007) // LEARNING OUTCOMES (RD 822/2021)

### 1401 - Degree in Chemical Engineering

- G3 - Knowledge of basic and technological subjects that allows students to learn new methods and theories and provides them with versatility to adapt to new situations.
- G4 - Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision-making skills, creativity and critical reasoning and to communicate and transmit knowledge, abilities and skills in the field of industrial engineering.
- B1 - Ability to solve a wide range of mathematical problems that may arise in engineering. Ability to apply the acquired knowledge about linear algebra, geometry, differential geometry, differential and integral calculus, differential equations and partial derivatives, numerical methods, numerical algorithms, statistics and optimisation.



## LEARNING OUTCOMES (RD 1393/2007) // NO CONTENT (RD 822/2021)

### Learning outcomes:

- To understand well and use fluently basic math concepts (G3)
- To solve engineering problems using advanced mathematical concepts (B1, G4)
- To understand the mathematical formalisms that may arise in engineering (G3)
- To structure the way of solving engineering problems in mathematical form (B1, G4)
- To model physical phenomena using mathematical tools (G3, B1, G4)
- To interpret the mathematical results when applied to the physical world (G3, B1, G4)

### Skills to be acquired:

- To be able to perform basic operations with numbers (real and complex) and matrices, and to simplify mathematical expressions (rational, irrational, trigonometric, exponential, logarithmic).
- To know how to discuss the existence of solutions of a system of linear equations and how to compute them.
- Ability to use logical-mathematical thinking. Use confidently mathematical language and develop geometric intuition.
- To differentiate the properties of several types of basic mathematical functions.
- To know how to graph the basic mathematical functions.
- To understand the concept of derivative and its use to determine the intervals where a function increases or decreases.
- To understand the concept of integral of a function and its relation to the area under its graph.
- To be able to distinguish which mathematical techniques may be used in a particular engineering situation and apply it.

In addition to the specific objectives mentioned above, the course will encourage the development of several **social and technical skills**, among which are included:

- Correct and clear statement (oral or written) of questions which have scientific content.
- Logical reasoning and critical ability.
- Promptness to ask what is not understood, or perhaps it is not clear enough, in an exposition by an expert.
- Being able to find connections with other disciplines of particular interest to him/her.

## DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

**1. Linear equations and Matrices**

Systems of linear equations. Matrices and the Gauss-Jordan diagonalisation process. Determinants of matrices.

**2. Basic Geometry**

Vectors. Linear dependence and independence. Bases, linear applications. Straight lines and planes. Diagonalization. Affine geometry. Scalar product. Angle between vectors. Orthogonal projection. Complex numbers.

**3. Differential Calculus**

Elementary functions, continuity. Derivatives of the elementary functions. The Chain Rule. Successive derivatives. Taylor formula. Study of the graph of a function.

**4. Integral Calculus**

Primitives. Integration by parts. Change of variable. Definite integral. Computation of areas and averages.

**5. Basic Statistics**

Basic vocabulary in Statistics. Centrality (mean, means) and dispersion (variance, standard deviation). Introduction to probability distributions. Binomial distribution. Normal distribution.

**WORKLOAD**

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Theory classes	30,00	100
Classroom practices	30,00	100
Study and independent work	20,00	0
Preparation of evaluation activities	15,00	0
Preparing lectures	20,00	0
Preparation of practical classes and problem	35,00	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>150,00</b>	



## TEACHING METHODOLOGY

The teacher will gradually introduce the mathematical concepts and their use, mainly through examples (CG3). Likewise, the teacher will explain the standard procedures for solving problems related to the topic (CG12, CG4).

The aim of the Exercises Sessions will be that the students, through their work, internalize what has been explained in the Lessons. The way to achieve the active participation of students can vary according to the size of the practice groups, but will emphasize the balance between (a) individual work and (b) discussion and reasoned analysis of the exercises proposed by the teacher (CG12, CG4).

## EVALUATION

The evaluation will be carried out following the following model:

50% of the final grade will be obtained by continuous assessment in which the work of the student will be valued through a series of midterm tests throughout the course, and other assignments (CG12, CG4) indicated by the teacher.

The remaining 50% of the grade will be obtained from a final exam (CG12, CG4). It will be necessary to pass a minimum grade of 3.5.

In any case, the evaluation system will be governed by the provisions of the Evaluation Regulation (<https://webges.uv.es/uvTaeWeb/MuestraInformacionEdictoPublicoFrontAction.do?idEdictoSeleccionado=5639>).

## REFERENCES

### Basic

- Anthony Croft, Robert Davison, Mathematics for engineers: a modern interactive approach, Addison-Wesley, 1999
- C. Neuhauser, Matemáticas para ciencias, Prentice-Hall, Madrid, 2004
- Rafael Sivera, Francisca Mascaro, Apuntes de Matematicas I, 2012 (disponibles online en el aula virtual)

### Additional

- Alan Jeffrey, Mathematics for Engineers and Scientists, Chapman Hall, 2005.
- A.D. Polyanin, A.V. Manzhirov, Handbook of Mathematics for Engineers and Scientists, Chapman Hall, 2007.