

COURSE DATA Data Subject Code 34699 Name **Biochemistry** Cycle Grade **ECTS Credits** 6.0 2023 - 2024 Academic year Study (s) Degree Center Acad. Period vear 1206 - Degree in Dentistry Faculty of Medicine and Odontology 1 First term Subject-matter Character Subject-matter Degree 1206 - Degree in Dentistry 4 - Biochemistry Basic Training Coordination Name Department DONATO MARTIN, MARIA TERESA 30 - Biochemistry and Molecular Biology

SUMMARY

Biochemistry is a compulsory subject in the first course of the *degree in Dentistry* that is taught during the first quarter. The activities under this subject are developed in classroom and laboratory practical classes. Biochemistry introduces basic concepts of composition and functioning of living organisms from a molecular point of view. It describes the principal biological molecules, their structure and functional characteristics, covering basic aspects of Enzymology, Molecular Biology, Signaling, Bioenergetics, Metabolism and Immunology. In addition, it pays special attention to the specific molecular characteristics of dental tissues, including their formation, dynamics and stability within the environment of the mouth, and gives an introduction to Clinical Biochemistry and Molecular Pathology. Biochemistry is a multidisciplinary field, closely related to other important subjects of the degree in Dentistry, especially Biology, Microbiology, Biophysics, Physiology and Biomaterials



Vniver§itatÿdValència

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

Other requirements

Basic knowledge of Chemistry, Biology and Physics

OUTCOMES

1206 - Degree in Dentistry

- Comprender las ciencias biomédicas básicas en las que se fundamenta la Odontología para asegurar una correcta asistencia buco-dentaria.
- Comprender y reconocer la estructura y función normal del aparato estomatognático, a nivel molecular.
- Conocer de los procesos generales de la enfermedad, entre los que se incluyen la infección, la inflamación, las alteraciones del sistema inmune, la degeneración, la neoplasia, las alteraciones metabólicas y los desórdenes genéticos.
- Conocer, valorar críticamente y saber utilizar las fuentes de información clínica y biomédica para obtener, organizar, interpretar y comunicar la información científica y sanitaria.
- Conocer del método científico y tener capacidad crítica para valorar los conocimientos establecidos y la información novedosa. Ser capaz de formular hipótesis, recolectar y valorar de forma crítica la información para la resolución de problemas, siguiendo el método científico.
- Conocer y entender las condiciones bioquímicas que repercuten en la salud bucal.
- Conocer los procedimientos y pruebas diagnósticas clínicas y de laboratorio, conocer su fiabilidad y validez diagnóstica.
- Conocer los procesos generales de enfermar, curar y reparar, entre los que se incluyen la infección, la inflamación, la hemorragia y la coagulación, la cicatrización, los traumatismos y las alteraciones del sistema inmune, la degeneración, la neoplasia, las alteraciones metabólicas y los desordenes genéticos.
- Saber compartir información con otros profesionales sanitarios y trabajar en equipo.
- Promover el aprendizaje de manera autónoma de nuevos conocimientos y técnicas, así como la motivación por la calidad.

LEARNING OUTCOMES



Vniver§itatõtdValència

By completing the course, the students will know the structure and properties of the main types of biological molecules, especially proteins and nucleic acids. They will likewise be able to understand and explain the relationship between the structure and properties of those molecules and the mechanisms involved in their function. This will also include understanding, at a qualitative level and for selected examples, the principles that determine the interaction between proteins and their physiological ligands, including the concepts of cooperativity and allosterism, the catalytic activity of enzymes, the processes of transformation and transfer of energy within cells and the molecular mechanisms of cell signaling. On the other hand, they will know the composition, structure, properties and stability conditions of calcified tissues of teeth and their relationship to the biochemical conditions within the mouth, understanding as well the connection between the above properties and dental disease. Finally, students will know and understand the key metabolic processes, linking them in in an integrated way

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. Water and its importance to life

Structure and physicochemical properties of water. Weak interactions in aqueous solution: Ionic interactions, dipole interactions, hydrogen bonds and hydrophobic effect. Acid-base reactions in aqueous solution.

2. Major biological molecules and their properties

Common organic functional groups in biological molecules. Small biological molecules. Biological Macromolecules.

3. Amino acids, peptides and proteins

Types and properties of amino acids. Modified amino acids. The peptide bond. Examples of important peptides and their functions. Types of proteins.

4. Protein structure

Levels of structure. Primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure. Denaturation of proteins. Structure-function relationships.

5. Fibrous proteins.

Collagen. Properties and functions of fibrous proteins. The collagen synthesis, structure, and function.



6. Globular proteins.

Hemoglobin. Properties and functions of globular proteins. Importance of protein dynamics. Proteinligand interactions. Cooperativity and allosterism. Oxygen transport in hemoglobin.

7. Enzymes

Biological catalysts. Active site. Types of enzymes. Enzyme cofactors: vitamins. Enzyme kinetics. Chemical kinetics and enzyme kinetics. Michaelis-Menten model.

8. Regulation of enzymes.

Enzyme regulation. Molecular mechanisms of enzyme regulation. Alosteric enzymes. Enzyme inhibition. Regulation by covalent modification. Isozymes.

9. Structure of Nucleic Acids

Types of nucleic acids. Structure and properties of the double helix of DNA. Supercoiling. Structure of RNA.

10. Replication.

Molecular mechanism of replication. Molecular origin of mutations. Error correction mechanisms.

11. Gene Expression.

Molecular mechanism of transcription. Post-transcriptional modifications. Regulation of transcription. The genetic code. Molecular mechanism of translation. Folding and post-translational maturation of proteins.

12. Basic principles of hormone action.

Metabolic functions of hormones. Effects on oral structures. Mechanisms of hormone action.

13. Introduction to intermediary metabolism.

Energy supply to the cell. Catabolism and anabolism. Molecules of high energy content. Basic principles of regulation.



Vniver§itatÿdValència

Course Guide 34699 Biochemistry

14. Cellular energy metabolism, oxidative pathway.

Tricarboxylic acid cycle: reaction sequence, function and control. Mitochondrial electron transport. Oxidative phosphorylation. Respiratory control. Reactive oxygen species.

15. Intermediary metabolism of glycosides.

Glycolysis. Destinations of pyruvate. Anaerobic oxidation, fermentation. Gluconeogenesis. Coordinated regulation of glycolysis and gluconeogenesis. Glycogen metabolism and its regulation. Pentose phosphate pathway.

16. Intermediary metabolism of lipids.

Mobilization of lipid reserves. Oxidation of fatty acids. Metabolism of ketone bodies. Biosynthesis of fatty acids. Regulation of fatty acid metabolism. Cholesterol metabolism. Lipoproteins.

17. Intermediary metabolism of amino acids.

Origin and fate of amino acids. Biosynthesis. Amino acids as precursors of other biomolecules. Catabolic deamination. Destination of the carbon chain. Synthesis of urea.

18. Metabolic integration.

Interconnections of the metabolic pathways. Cooperation intertisular. Metabolic profiles. Metabolic integration in physiopathological situations of interest.

19. Biochemical basis of inflammation.

Elements involved in the inflammatory reaction. Biochemistry of inflammation: plasma and tissue mediators.

20. Phosphocalcium metabolism.

Distribution and functions of calcium and phosphate. Homeostasis, control and possible alterations of the calcium-phosphorus system in bone and dental tissues.

21. Structure and formation of dental apatite.

Types and properties of calcium phosphate. Crystalline structure of apatite. Biomineralisation and Epitaxy. Synthesis and maturation of dentine and enamel.



Vniver§itatö́tdValència

Course Guide 34699 Biochemistry

22. Biochemistry of calcified tissues of the tooth.

Organic and inorganic molecules of enamel, dentine and cementum. Physical properties of calcified tissues of the tooth: Relationship to their composition.

23. Dynamics and stability of the enamel.

Solubility equilibria of enamel. Ion exchange reactions. Influence of pH. Regulatory role of saliva. Biochemistry and prevention in Dentistry. Fluoride, mechanism of action.

24. PRACTICES

SEMINARS:

Seminar 1. Ionic equilibria in aqueous solutions. pH scale. Ionization equilibria of weak acids and weak bases. Buffer solutions. Concept of pKa and isoelectric point.

Seminar 2. Bioenergetics. Thermodynamics of metabolic pathways. Molecules with high energy content.

Seminar 3. Respiratory control. Inhibition and uncoupling of oxidative phosphorylation. Reactive oxygen species. Questions of Biochemistry (I).

Seminar 4. Questions of Biochemistry (II).

Seminar 5. Questions of Biochemistry (III).

Seminar 6. Questions of Biochemistry (IV)

PRACTICES:

Practice 1. Basic techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology.

Practice 2. Introduction to biochemistry laboratory.

Practice 3. Spectrophotometric determination of protein concentration.

Practice 4. Electrophoretic analysis of proteins.

Practice 5. Clinical enzymology: determination of enzymatic activities in serum samples.

Practice 6. Databases, modelling and analysis of protein structures.



VNIVERSITATÖ DVALÈNCIA

WORKLOAD

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Theory classes	33,00	100
Classroom practices	15,00	100
Laboratory practices	12,00	100
Study and independent work	30,00	0
Readings supplementary material	5,00	0
Preparation of evaluation activities	40,00	0
Preparing lectures	10,00	0
Preparation of practical classes and problem	5,00	0
τοτΑ	L 150,00	

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

In the lectures, theoretical contents will be presented and explain. Most complex aspects will be developed with more detail in the Seminar sessions, which will include also discussion of questions and exercises with active participation of students.

In the labs, students will carry out common Biochemical Tests and analysis. These practical sessions will be supported by a brief introduction on the basis of the methods employed, the objectives of each practice, expected outcomes and the correct way to interpret the results.

EVALUATION

The evaluation will be based on an assessment of learning for both, theoretical contents and practical skills.

For the theoretical part, an exam will be made, based on 16 short questions. This will correspond to 75% of the final score. The evaluation of the practical part will correspond to 25% of the final score.

The evaluation of the practical part will correspond to 25% of the final score. The assessment of practices will be made as follows: i) Students will be valued through questions corresponding to the background and objectives of each practice, to be resolved in a personalized way at the beginning of each session. The results of these assessments will correspond to 1/3 of the total score for practices. ii) A final exam will be made with 20 multiple-choice questions, relating to the methods used for the practices, their use in the laboratory, the results and their interpretation. The score from this test corresponds to 2/3 of the total score for practices.



Vniver§itatÿīdValència

To pass the course, all of the following conditions must be met:

- Attendance at practices is mandatory
- The score of the theory part must reach at least 45% of its maximum value (4.5 out of 10)
- The practice score must reach at least 40% of its maximum value (4 out of 10)

- The overall score (sum of the theory and practical parts, taking into account the percentage value of each part) must reach at least 50% of its maximum value (5 out of 10).

Students are reminded of the great importance of carrying out evaluation surveys of all the teaching teachers of this subject.

REFERENCES

Basic

- LOZANO TERUEL, J.A. (2000). Bioquímica y Biología molecular para ciencias de la salud. 2ª ed. McGraw Hill-Interamericana, Madrid.
- MÜLLER-ESTERL, W. (2008). Bioquímica. Fundamentos para Medicina y Ciencias de la Vida. Reverté, Barcelona.
- TYMOCZKO, J., Berg, J.M., Stryer, L. (2014), Bioquímica. Curso Básico. Reverté.
- STRYER, L: Berg, J.M; Tymoczko, JL; Gatto, GJ; Trueba MA; (2021), Bioquímica: con aplicaciones clínicas. Editorial Reverté, Barcelona.

Additional

- MCKEE, T y Mckee J.R. (2009), Bioquímica: las bases de la vida. 4ª ed. McGraw-Hill. México.
- DEVLIN, T.M. (2004). Bioquímica: libro de texto con aplicaciones clínicas. 4ª ed. Reverté, Barcelona.
- HERRERA, E (2014). Bioquímica básica. Elsevier, Barcelona.