

# **COURSE DATA**

Data Subject	
Code	34211
Name	Materials science
Cycle	Grade
ECTS Credits	6.0
Academic year	2016 - 2017

Study (	s)
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Degree	Center	Acad. Period	
		year	
1108 - Degree in Chemistry	Faculty of Chemistry	4 First term	

Subject-matter				
Degree	Subject-matter	Character		
1108 - Degree in Chemistry	11 - Chemical company	Obligatory		

#### Coordination

Name	Department		
IBAÑEZ PUCHADES, RAFAEL	320 - Inorganic Chemistry		

# SUMMARY

The aim of this course is to establish the basis for students to understand the relationship between structure, processing and properties of materials.

Materials are classified into five main categories: metallic materials and alloys, ceramics, glasses, polymers and composite materials.

This subject deals with the mechanical, electrical, optical and magnetic properties of each type of material.

The electronic structure of each material and its crystalline or amorphous structure are used to explain its properties. The existence of defects and imperfections in solids will also be used in the interpretation of properties.

Once the properties of each material have been studied, the subject will address their potential applications.



## PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

#### Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

#### Other requirements

This is a interdisplicinar subject, therefore it is related to all the subjects studied previously. It manage all the concepts studied in previous courses to interpret the relation between structure and properties of the different types of materials.

#### **OUTCOMES**

#### 1108 - Degree in Chemistry

- Interpret the variation of the characteristic properties of chemical elements according to the periodic table.
- Ability to recognise chemical elements and their compounds: preparation, structure, reactivity, properties and applications.
- Relate the macroscopic properties and the properties of individual atoms and molecules, including macromolecules (natural and synthetic), polymers, colloids and other materials.
- Relate chemistry with other disciplines.
- Students must be able to apply their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional manner and have acquired the competences required for the preparation and defence of arguments and for problem solving in their field of study.
- Students must have the ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually in their field of study) to make judgements that take relevant social, scientific or ethical issues into consideration.
- Students must be able to communicate information, ideas, problems and solutions to both expert and lay audiences.
- Students must have developed the learning skills needed to undertake further study with a high degree of autonomy.
- Express oneself correctly, both orally and in writing, in any of the official languages of the Valencian Community.

# **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- Demonstrate ability to develop theoretical models and theoretical-experimental able to be used in the quantification of real systems, determining their validity and scope.



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- Know the characteristics and significance of Chemical Industry.
- Projecting processing systems to obtain a final product according to given specifications.
- To acquire the minimum knowledge with which to understand the basis for the use of different materials in the industry, according to their physicochemical properties.
- Discriminate between different materials and choosing the most suitable according to the required performance technologically.
- Know the major industrial processes in the field of inorganic chemistry.
- Know the materials used in these processes and their manipulation at the source.

## **DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS**

#### 1. Introduction

Evolution of materials throughout history. Current status of the subject. Trends in research of new materials. Classification of materials.

#### 2. Extension and revision of basic concepts. Imperfections in solids. Diffusion.

Types of defects in solids: Point defects, line defects or dislocations, surface defects, volume defects. Defect observation: optical microscopy, electronic microscopy, SEM and TEM observation of defects. Size grain.

Diffusion mechanisms in solids. Difusión by vacancies. Interstitial diffusion. Laws of difusión. Steady and non-steady state. Example: A steel carburizing.

#### 3. Metalic materials and alloys

Metallic materials: metals, alloys, intermetallic compounds. Mechanical properties of metals: Tensile, compression, shear and torsion. Elastic deformation and plastic deformation. Breaking: fracture types. Fatigue. Hardness: Hardening mechanisms. Alloys: definitions and concepts: component, system, solubility limit, phase, etc. Isomorphic binary systems: Alloy Ni / Cu. Development of micro-structures. Mechanical properties of alloys isomorphic. Binary eutectic systems: Cu-Ag, Pb-Sn. Development of micro-structures. Intermediates systems: Sn-Zn. Fe-carbon system. Steels. Metal forming. Ferrous alloys. Nonferrous alloys.

Electrical properties: Conductivity: electronic conductivity. Energy band structure of solids. Semiconductors: Types, devices. Superconductivity.

Magnetic properties: Types of magnetic behavior: Diamagnetism and paramagnetism, ferromagnetism and ferrimagnetism. Piezolectricity. Effect of temperature on the magnetic behavior. Domains and hysteresis.



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#### 4. Ceramics

Concept of ceramic material. Classification of ceramic materials. Raw materials: Formulation and composition. Clays and kaolins. Lamellar structure of the clays. Thermal analysis in ceramics. Ceramic manufacturing process. Wet and dry pathways. Steps of fabrication process. Composition of fired ceramic material. Ceramic Glazes: Formulation and composition. Ceramic colorants. Mechanical properties of ceramics. Electrical properties of ceramics. Insulators. Advanced Ceramics. Preceramic route, precursors polymers of non-oxide ceramics. Applications and examples.

#### 5. Glass

The glassy state. Glass definition. The glass transition, Tg. Thermodynamics and kinetics of the glass transition. Phase miscibility. Bell miscibility.

Oxide glasses. Rules predicting the formation of glass. Models for the formation of glass. Glass forming oxides, modifier oxides and intermediate oxides.

Silicate glasses. Types of environments for silicon atom. Theoretical and true distribution of environments, 29Si NMR solid state.

Borosilicate glasses, Pyrex glass, aluminosilicate glass, other types of glass, lead glass. Composition of the different glasses.

Conforming of glass. Tempered glass. Floated glass, safety glass, special glasses

Optical properties of glass. Optic fibre. Applications of fibre optics in communication.

#### 6. Polymers

Polymer definition. Organic polymers, inorganic polymers. Molecular weight and degree of polymerization. Comparison of techniques for determining molecular weights polymers. Polymer molecular structure: linear polymers, branched polymers, cross-linked polymers. Tacticity in polymers. Crystallinity of polymers. Degree of crystallinity, depending factors. Determining the crystallinity degree. Differential scan calorimetry for polymers. Glass transition temperature, factors which depend. Polymerization reactions. Most important types of polymers and their applications. Mechanical properties: Rigid and flexible plastics. Elastomers. Thermo-mechanical properties. Visco-elasticity. Immiscibility of the polymers. Block polymers.

#### 7. Composites

Combined action principle: Matrix and dispersed phase. Reinforced materials: particulate reinforced materials. Fiber reinforced materials. Structural materials.



#### **WORKLOAD**

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Theory classes	51,00	100
Tutorials	9,00	100
Study and independent work	70,00	0
Readings supplementary material	5,00	0
Preparation of evaluation activities	15,00	0
TOTAL	150,00	

## **TEACHING METHODOLOGY**

This subject is designed so that students lead their own learning and is structured in the following components:

Lectures.- In these classes the lecturer will provide an overview of the topic under study with special emphasis on new aspects or on those particularly complex. Lessons will also involve the specific application of the knowledge acquired by students via the resolution of questions and practical problems that students have previously worked on. Logically, these classes must be complemented with individual study.

Group tutoring.- Students attend these sessions in small groups. In them, the lecturer may propose activities such as resolution of questions or problems, answer to queries, approach to discussions, etc.

## **EVALUATION**

The knowledge acquired will be assessed through an examination whereby the final mark will be determined and to be held in the periods established by the Faculty. The exam will consist of objective questions covering basic knowledge and of numerical and relationship problems involving aspects explained in different units.

A minimum score of 5 points in the exam is required to pass the subject.

Students who do not pass the exam in the first examination sitting can resit the exam at the second attempt

#### **REFERENCES**

#### **Basic**

Callister, W. D.; Introducción a la Ciencia e Ingeniería de los Materiales.
Barcelona, Ed. Reverte, 1988, VOL. I: ISBN: 842917253-x; VOL II: 842917254





- Smith, W. F.; Ciencia e Ingeniería de Materiales. 3ª Ed. MADRID, S.A. MCGRAW-HILL / INTERAMERICANA DE ESPAÑA, 2004,ISBN: 9788448129569
- Askeland, D.R.; Ciencia e Ingeniería de los Materiales. 3ª Ed. Mejico D.F., International Thomson Editores. 1998 ISBN: 968-7529-36-9
- Callister, W.D.; Rethwisch, D. G.; Materials Science and Engineering, SI Version, Ninth Ed., Wiley, 2014, ISBN: 978-1-118-31922-2

#### **Additional**

- Greenwood, N.N.; Cristales iónicos, defectos reticulares y no estequiometria, i<sup>a</sup> Ed. Madrid, Ed. Alhambra, 1970, ISBN: 978-84-205-0197-0
- Hoffman, R.; Solids and Surfaces. A Chemist's View of Bonding in Extended Structures, 1ª Ed. New York, 1988, Willey-VCH, ISBN-13: 978-0471187103

