

Data Subject			
Code	34200		
Name	Inorganic Chemistry III		
Cycle	Grade		
ECTS Credits	6.0		
Academic year	2021 - 2022		
Study (s)		Quelos.	And Divisit
Degree		Center	Acad. Period
			year
1110 - Degree in Chemistry		Faculty of Chemistry	3 First term
Subject-matter	(AAA)		
Degree	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Subject-matter	Character
1110 - Degree in Ch	nemistry	8 - Inorganic Chemistry	Obligatory
Coordination			
Name	2	Department	
GARCIA-ESPAÑA MONSONIS, ENRIQUE		320 - Inorganic Chemist	ry

SUMMARY

The compulsory subject Inorganic Chemistry III of 6 credits is included in the field Inorganic Chemistry of the fundamental chemistry module and is taught in the sixth semester of the degree in Chemistry

After the study of Inorganic Chemistry I and II, where they have acquired the basic knowledge of the subject matter and we have studied the properties of chemical elements and their compounds, inorganic chemistry III focuses on the study of the coordination and organometallic compounds.

The coordination and organometallic compounds play an important role in Inorganic Chemistry and represent a way of approaching the study of this subject matter applicable to a wide variety of systems. Its study has an integrator character, it brings together concepts and theories with experimental facts and covers from the electronic structure and molecular synthesis and reactivity of the substances, thermodynamics and kinetics, basic studies and applications. By its nature, extends from the theoretical chemistry to Biochemistry and organometallic chemistry are blurring the boundaries between the conventional Inorganic Chemistry and Organic Chemistry. The subject Coordination Chemistry, 6 credits, and Organometallic Chemistry, 4.5 credits, will complete these topics. Currently, the area of new materials is progressing very quickly and there is a marked interest in the synthesis and properties of new inorganic solids. The items included in the subject Inorganic Chemistry III that will enable the student to



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understand basic concepts of solids and will complemented with the compulsory subject Science of Materials, 6 credits.

The subject Inorganic Chemistry III contains a theme of symmetry and group theory, useful tool in chemistry, which is needed to address with rigor, some aspects of the coordination compounds of transition metals.

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

1108 - Degree in Chemistry V1-2009 :

1110 - Degree in Chemistry V2-2018 :

1929 - Double Degree in Physics and Chemistry :

1934 - Programa de doble Grado Química-Ingeniería Química_2023 :

R4-OBLIGATION TO HAVE SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE COURSE

- 34183 General Chemistry I
- 34184 General Chemistry II
- 34183 General Chemistry I
- 34184 General Chemistry II
- 34183 General Chemistry I
- 34184 General Chemistry II
- 34183 General Chemistry I
- 34184 General Chemistry II

Other requirements

Students should have completed and passed the subjects I Inorganic Chemistry and Inorganic Chemistry II.

OUTCOMES

1110 - Degree in Chemistry

- Develop capacity for analysis, synthesis and critical thinking.
- Show inductive and deductive reasoning ability.
- Solve problems effectively.



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- Demonstrate ability to work in teams both in interdisciplinary teams and in an international context.
- Demonstrate ability to communicate information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialist and non-specialist audiences and using information technology, as appropriate.
- Demonstrate a commitment to ethics, equality values and social responsibility as a citizen and as a professional.
- Learn autonomously.
- Demonstrate the ability to adapt to new situations.
- Acquire a permanent sensitivity to quality, the environment, sustainable development and the prevention of occupational hazards.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the main aspects of chemical terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units.
- Interpret the variation of the characteristic properties of chemical elements according to the periodic table.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the main types of chemical reaction and their main characteristics.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the principles of thermodynamics and kinetics and their applications in chemistry.
- Ability to recognise chemical elements and their compounds: preparation, structure, reactivity, properties and applications.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the principles, procedures and techniques for the determination, separation, identification and characterisation of chemical compounds.
- Relate the macroscopic properties and the properties of individual atoms and molecules, including macromolecules (natural and synthetic), polymers, colloids and other materials.
- Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories related to the areas of chemistry.
- Solve qualitative and quantitative problems following previously developed models.
- Recognise and analyse new problems and plan strategies to solve them.
- Evaluate, interpret and synthesise chemical data and information.
- Relate theory and experimentation.
- Recognise and evaluate chemical processes in daily life.
- Understand the qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical problems.
- Develop sustainable and environmentally friendly methods.
- Students must be able to apply their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional manner and have acquired the competences required for the preparation and defence of arguments and for problem solving in their field of study.
- Students must have the ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually in their field of study) to make judgements that take relevant social, scientific or ethical issues into consideration.



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- Students must be able to communicate information, ideas, problems and solutions to both expert and lay audiences.
- Students must have developed the learning skills needed to undertake further study with a high degree of autonomy.
- Express oneself correctly, both orally and in writing, in any of the official languages of the Valencian Community.
- Have basic skills in the use of information and communication technology and properly manage the information obtained.

LEARNING OUTCOMES

The previous section includes the competences contained in the document VERIFICA. This subject addresses part of the learning results of the matter Inorganic Chemistry III that allow to acquire specific knowledge of chemistry, cognitive skills and general skills recommended by the EUROPEAN CHEMISTRY THEMATIC NETWORK (ECTN) for the Chemistry Eurobachelor® Label. The following table lists the learning outcomes acquired in the subject Inorganic Chemistry III related to the competences of the degree in Chemistry.

SPECIFIC KNOWLEDGE OF CHEMISTRY The learning process should allow the degree graduates to demonstrate:			
	Competences of the subject Inorganic Chemistry III that contemplate the learning outcomes EUROBACHELOR®		
Major aspects of chemical terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units.	Demonstrate knowledge of the main aspects of chemical terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units(CE1)		
The major types of chemical reaction and the main characteristics associated with them.	Demonstrate knowledge of the main types of chemical reaction and their main characteristics.(CE4)		
The principal techniques of structural investigations, including spectroscopy	Ability to recognise chemical elements and their compounds: preparation,		



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	structure, reactivity, properties and applications(CE7).	
	Show knowledge of the structure and reactivity of the main classes of biomolecules and the chemistry of the main biological processes(CE12).	
	Handle the instrumentation used in the different areas of chemistry.(CE19).	
Toology I	Demonstrate knowledge of the principles, procedures and techniques for the determination, separation, identification and characterisation of chemical compounds.(CE8)	
The principles of thermodynamics and their applications to chemistry	Demonstrate knowledge of the principles of thermodynamics and kinetics and their applications in chemistry(CE6).	
The principles of quantum mechanics and their application to the description of the structure and properties of atoms and molecules	Demonstrate knowledge of the principles of quantum mechanics and their application to the description of the structure and properties of atoms and molecules(CE5).	
The kinetics of chemical change, including catalysis; the mechanistic interpretation of chemical reactions	Demonstrate knowledge of the principles of thermodynamics and kinetics and their applications in chemistry(CE6).	
The structural features of chemical	Ability to recognise chemical elements and their compounds: preparation, structure, reactivity, properties and applications(CE7).	
elements and their compounds, including stereochemistry.	Relate the macroscopic properties and the properties of individual atoms and molecules, including macromolecules (natural and synthetic), polymers, colloids	



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	and other materials.CE11).	
	Show knowledge of the structure and reactivity of the main classes of biomolecules and the chemistry of the main biological processes(CE12).	
The structure and reactivity of important classes o	Show knowledge of the structure and reactivity of the main classes of biomolecules and the chemistry of the main biological processes(CE12).	
biomolecules and the chemistry of important biological processes	Relate chemistry with other disciplines.(CE26).	

COMPETENCES AND COGNITIVE SKILLS

The learning process should allow	w the degree graduates to demonstrate:
	Competences of the subject Inorganic Chemistry III that contemplate the learning outcomes EUROBACHELOR®
Ability to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the facts, concepts, principles and fundamental theories related to the topics mentioned above.	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories related to the areas of chemistry(CE13).
Ability to apply this knowledge	Solve qualitative and quantitative problems following previously developed models(CE14).
and understanding to the solution of common qualitative and quantitative problems.	Recognise and analyse new problems and plan strategies to solve them(CE15).
	Understand the qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical problems(CE24).



The learning process should allow the degree graduates to demonstrate:		
60	Competences of the subject Inorganic Chemistry III that contemplate the learning outcomes EUROBACHELOR®	
12/	Solve problems effectively(CG4).	
	Solve qualitative and quantitative problems following previously developed models(CE14).	
Ability to apply practical knowledge to solve problems related to qualitative and quantitative information.	Relate theory and experimentation(CE22).	
	Recognise and evaluate chemical processes in daily life(CE23).	
	Understand the qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical problems(CE24).	

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. Molecular symmetry

1.1 Symmetry elements and operations.

1.2. Point groups of symmetry. Determination of the point group symmetry of a molecule. C4v, D3h, D4h Td and O point groups.

1.4 Character tables. Species of symmetry. Symmetry of atomic orbitals.

1.4.-Application of symmetry. Chirality, molecular vibrations. IR and RAMAN spectra: H2O molecule, stretching vibrations of carbonyl groups in metal carbonyls. Determination of group orbitals in octahedral complexes.



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2. Coordination and Organometallic transition metal compounds

2.1.- Historical aspects: Alfred Werner and his time. Definition of coordination compound.

2.2.- General characteristics: oxidation state. Index and coordination geometry. Square, tetrahedral and octahedral complexes. Geometry and coordination symmetry. Idealization of coordination symmetry.

2.3.- Types of ligands. Classification: nature of the donor atom, denticity, nature of the metal-ligand bond, ligands in organometallic chemistry.

2.4.-Isomery in coordination compounds

3. The bond nature and electronic structure

3.1- Introduction. Valence bond theory: high and low spin complexes.

3.2.-Crystal field theory. Factors that affect the crystalline field stabilization energy. Octahedral complexes, weak and strong field complexes. Tetrahedral complexes. Jahn-Teller effect. Square complexes

3.3.- Molecular orbital theory. Diagram of molecular orbitals and electronic configuration of octahedral, tetrahedral, square complexes. Angular overlap model. Energy splitting diaframs of d orbitals in complexes of other symmetries.

3.4.- Terms and energy levels. d-d Transitions in coordination compounds. Tanabe-Sugano diagrams.

4. Reactions of the metal complexes: Thermodynamic and kinetic aspects of the coordination compounds.

4.1. Stability of coordination compounds. Stability constants: global and successive constants. Determination of stability constants. Stability correlations Statistical effect. Chelate effect. Macrocyclic effect. Cryptate effect. Selectivity.

4.2.- Reactions and mechanisms in coordination chemistry. Introduction. Ligand substitution reactions. Metal ions in aqueous solution; water exchange reactions: labile and inert metal complexes. Mechanisms of ligand substitution reactions: dissociation, exchange and association. Reactions of ligand substitution in octahedral complexes. Experimental evidence for dissociative mechanisms in octahedral complexes. Associative mechanisms in octahedral complexes. The conjugate base mechanism. Kinetic aspects of the chelate effect. Stereochemistry of the reactions. Reactions of ligand substitution in square complexes. Trans effect. Redox reactions: mechanisms of external sphere and internal sphere.

4.3.- Reactions in organometallic chemistry and catalysis. Types of reactions: Dissociation reactions and ligand substitution. Reactions of oxidative addition and reductive elimination. Insertion reactions. Hydride elimination reactions. Cyclometalation Principles of catalysis. Examples of catalytic processes in the chemical industry.



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WORKLOAD

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Theory classes	51,00	100
Tutorials	9,00	100
Study and independent work	70,00	0
Preparation of evaluation activities	20,00	0
тс	0TAL 150,00	

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

The subject is raised so that the student is the protagonist of their own learning and vertebrará around four axes:

Participatory lectures-in those classes the teacher give an overview of the topic object of study with special emphasis on the key concepts or of particular complexity. Indicate those most recommended resources that complement the topic on personal study time. The teacher will induce the student to participate in the discussions that arise through exposure of the subject.

Practical classes and seminars-these classes are carried out the specific application of the knowledge that students have acquired in theory classes. Students must previously have worked the problems will be resolved. The resolution of these problems is carried out on some occasions by the teacher and in another case by the students well in group, either on an individual basis.

Tutoring-students attend them in groups and will be one hour. In them, teacher will guide the student on the elements that make up the learning process, at the same time which will evaluate their process of learning in a global way. The student will receive a list of questions and problems that you will exercise on each of the aspects dealt with in class sessions. Also, tutorials will serve to resolve all questions that have been able to arise during classes and guide students on the methods of work more useful to the resolution of problems that may arise.

Seminars and Conference: Seminars and Conference will focus on complementary aspects of their training in Inorganic Chemistry. For this task, students attending the event and answer a questionnaire prepared by the instructor.

EVALUATION

The evaluation will be made taking into account all the aspects set forth in the methodology section of this guide. The knowledge acquired throughout the course will be evaluated taking into account both the activity of the students throughout the course and through a final face-to-face exam. The percentage of qualification attributed to both modalities will be: continuous evaluation 30%, final exam 70%. A minimum grade of 4.5 will be required to start counting the continuous assessment part. In the event that



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the health circumstances prevent the completion of the final exam in person, the exam would be conducted electronically using the facilities offered by the Virtual Classroom. When necessary, the possibility of conducting an interview with a given student will be open.

REFERENCES

Basic

- Housecroft, C. E.; Sharpe, A. G.; Inorganic Chemistry, ed. Pearson Prentice-Hall, 3ª edició, 2008. ISBN: 978-0-13-175553-6.

(En format separat, s'ha publicat el manual de respostes als exercicis plantejats. Existeix una traducció a l'espanyol de la 2ª edició i del manual de respostes d'Ed. Pearson Prentice-Hall, 2006.)

- Atkins, P. W.; Overton, T. L.; Rourke, J.P.; Weller, M.T. y Armstrong, F. A.; Shriver & Atkins: Inorganic Chemistry, ed. Oxford, 5^a edición, 2010. ISBN: 978-0-19-923617-6.
 (Existe una traducción al español de la cuarta edición de Ed. McGraw-Hill, 2008).
- Rayner-Canham,G.; Overton,T.; Descriptive Inorganic Chemistry y Student solutions manual for descriptive inorganic chemistry, ed. W.H. Freeman, 4^a edición, 2006. ISBN 10: 1-4292-1814-2. (Existeix una traducció al espanyol de la 2^a edició de G. Rayner-Canham, Química Inorgánica Descriptiva, ed. Prentice Hall, 2000)
- Miessler,G.L.; Tarr,D.A., Inorganic Chemistry, 4^a edición, ed. Pearson/Prentice Hall, 2011. ISBN-13: 978-0136128663
- Smart, L., Moore, E., Química del estado sólido. Una introducción. Addison-Wesley Iberoamericana, Wilmington, 1995.
- J. E. Huheey, E. A. Keiter, R. L. Keiter, Inorganic chemistry: principles of structure and reactivity, 4th ed

Additional

- Cotton,F.A.; Wilkinson,G.; Murillo; C.A.; Bochmann, M.; Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, ed. Wiley-Interscience, 6^a edición, 1999. ISBN: 978-0-471-19957-1
 Existe una traducción al español de la 4^a edición, F.A. Cotton y G. Wilkinson, Química Inorgánica Avanzada, ed. Limusa, 1987.
- Greenwood, N. N.; Earnshaw, A.; Chemistry of the Elements, ed. Elsevier Science, 2^a edición, 1997 (corregida en 1998, con reimpresiones en 2001 y 2002). ISBN: 0-7506-3365-4.
- Purcell,K. F. ; Kotz, J. C.; Inorganic Chemistry, Saunders, 1977 (existe traducción al castellano, editorial Reverté).



ADDENDUM COVID-19

This addendum will only be activated if the health situation requires so and with the prior agreement of the Governing Council

Contents

1.- The contents initially indicated in the teaching guide are maintained.

Workload and temporary teaching planning

Regarding the workload:

1.- The different activities described in the Teaching Guide are maintained with the intended dedication.

Regarding the temporary teaching planning:

1.- The material to follow the theory/tutoring/classroom-seminar classes allows to continue the temporary teaching planning both in days and schedule, whether the teaching is face-to-face in the classroom or not.

Teaching Methodology

<u>Theory courses</u>: Theory classes and classroom tutoring will tend to the maximum possible face-to-face teaching, always respecting the health restrictions that limit the capacity of the classrooms to 50% of their usual occupation. Depending on the capacity of the classroom and the number of students enrolled, some of the students may need to follow the classes synchronously in an auxiliary classroom. If this situation arises, students will attend the main classroom or auxiliary classroom for weekly rotary shifts (preferably in alphabetical order). However, the rotation system will be fixed once the actual enrollment data is known, guaranteeing, in any case, that the percentage of face-to-face teaching of all students enrolled in the subject is the same.

Evaluation

1. The possibility of exam-only evaluation is eliminated.

If there is a closure of the facilities for health reasons affecting the development of any face-to-face evaluable activity of the subject, it will be replaced by a test of a similar nature that will be carried out in virtual mode using the computer tools licensed by the University of Valencia. The contribution of each evaluable activity to the final grade of the subject will remain unchanged, as set out in this guide.



References

(Indicate the option applicable to the subject)

1.- The literature recommended in the Teaching Guide is maintained since it is accessible.

