

COURSE DATA

Data Subject		
Code	34154	
Name	Mathematical programming	
Cycle	Grade	
ECTS Credits	6.0	
Academic year	2021 - 2022	

Degree	Center	Acad. year	Period
1107 - Degree in Mathematics	Faculty of Mathematics	2	First term

Subject-matter				
Degree	Subject-matter	Character		
1107 - Degree in Mathematics	4 - Mathematical programming	Obligatory		

Coordination

Study (s)

Name	Department		
PEIRO RAMADA, JUAN JOSE	130 - Statistics and Operational Research		

SUMMARY

This course presents an introduction to Mathematical Programming. Its main aim is that students learn to formulate and solve real systems using mathematical models in the context of Optimization. The three basic models of Mathematical Programming, linear, integer and non-linear, will be studied, with particular attention to methods and solvers.

The program is divided into three parts, which correspond to each of the models to be studied. In the first part, Linear Programming is reviewed, and then its extensions are addressed. In the second part, the Integer Linear Problem is studied, where we deal with the difficulty introduced into the linear problem when considering integer variables. For this, classical resolution methods will be introduced, studying their efficiency. In addition, some structured problems for which specific resolution procedures have been designed will be considered. In the last part of the course, an introduction to Nonlinear Programming is studied. Specifically, the two general models of this discipline, unconstrained and constrained, will be considered.



Finally, it is worth noting the use of specific software packages in the practical sessions to learn to formulate and solve optimization problems computationally.

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

Other requirements

Have approved the subjects Linear Algebra and Discrete Mathematics.

OUTCOMES

1107 - Degree in Mathematics

- Capacity for analysis and synthesis.
- Capacity for organization and planning.
- Solve problems that require the use of mathematical tools.
- Ability to work in teams.
- Apply the knowledge in the professional world.
- Argue logically in decision-making.
- Expressing mathematically in a rigorous and clear manner.
- Capacity of abstraction and modeling.
- Participate in the implementation of software and learn mathematical software.
- Knowing the time and the historical context in which occurred the great contributions of women and men in the development of mathematics.
- Visualize and interpret the solutions obtained.

LEARNING OUTCOMES

• To Know the Operation Research area and its applications.



- To know how to use the Linear Programming model, its mathematical basis and how to use the basics tools to solve and analyse different problems using Simplex Algorithm, Duality and sensitivity analysis.
- To know integer Linear Programming, its applications, complexity and the main algorithms.
- To know some flow networks.
- To know basic knowledge in Nonlinear Programming and its resolution methodologies.

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. Introduction

Introduction to Operations Research.

The optimization problem.

Linear Programming Model.

2. The simplex method

Convex sets and polyhedrons.

Simplex Methodology.

Initial solution and convergence.

3. Duality

Duality Theory.

Dual Simplex Method.

Sensitivity Analysis.

4. Introduction to the Integer Linear Programming

Integer Linear Programming.

Structure Problems in Combinatory Optimization.



5. ILP algorithms

Cutting-Plane Method.
Branch and Bound Method.

6. Nonlinear programming

Introduction to Non linear Programming. Resolution algorithms.

WORKLOAD

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended	
Theory classes	30,00	100	
Computer classroom practice	22,50	100	
Other activities	7,50	100	
Attendance at events and external activities	2,00	b08320	
Development of group work	5,00	0	
Development of individual work	10,00	0	
Study and independent work	12,00	0	
Readings supplementary material	2,00	0	
Preparation of evaluation activities	12,00	0	
Preparing lectures	20,00	0	
Preparation of practical classes and problem	13,00	0	
Resolution of case studies	7,00	0	
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TEACHING METHODOLOGY

In the lectures, the main Mathematical Programming concepts, results and methods will be introduced, accompanied by examples and exercises.

Practice sessions will take place in computer labs and will be synchronized with lectures. Students will deepen their understanding of the content introduced in the lectures, model problems, develop and use commercial codes to solve problems with specific data, and duscuss the results.

Seminar sessions, in small groups, will be used to deepen concepts previously unseen



For the preparation of the course, students will have the bibliographic references and a collection of exercises, separated by units, to be solved autonomously.

EVALUATION

The evaluation will be carried out continuously throughout the course, and will consist of the following blocks:

Block 1: One or more partial exams, with a practical and/or theoretical-practical nature, not being eliminatory of contents. The total weight of this block is 20% of the grade of the course.

Block 2: Participation and evaluation in the seminar sessions, with a total weight of 10% of the grade of the course.

Block 3: Final exam that will consist of two parts: one on theory and another on problems and theoretical-practical exercises. In order to pass the course, each of these parts must be passed (that is, it is necessary to obtain at least 5 points out of 10 in each one of them). The total weight of this block is 70% of the grade of the course.

The grades obtained in blocks 1 and 2 will only be kept in the two examination periods of the academic year in which they were made and cannot be retaken since, by their nature, the evaluation of these blocks is only possible during the teaching period.

REFERENCES



Basic

- Referencia b1: Bazaraa, M., Jarvis, J., Sherali, H. Linear Programming and Network Flows. Wiley (2009).

Referencia b2: Wolsey, L.A. Integer Programming. Wiley (2021).

Referencia b3: Garfinkel, R., Nemhauser, G., Integer Programming. Wiley (1972)

Referencia b4: Papadimitriou, C., Steiglitz, K. Combinatorial Optimization: Algorithms and Complexity. Prentice Hall (1982).

Referencia b5: Williams, H., Model Building in Mathematical Programming. Wiley (2013).

Referencia b6: Winston, W.L. Introduction to Mathematical Programming: Applications and Algorithms. Duxbury Press (1995).

Referencia b7: Luenberger, D. Programación lineal y no lineal. Addison-Wesley (1989).

Referencia b8: Aragón, F., Goberna, M., López, M., Rodríguez, M. Nonlinear Optimization. Springer (2019).

Referencia b9: Bazaraa, M., Sherali, H., Shetty, C. Nonlinear Programming: Theory and Algorithms. Wiley (2006).

Additional

Referencia c1: Calvete Fernández, H. I. y Mateo Collazos, P. M.: Programación Lineal, Entera y Meta. Problemas y Aplicaciones. Prensas Universitarias de Zaragoza (1994).

Referencia c2: Hillier, F.S. y Lieberman, G.J.: Introducción a la Investigación de Operaciones. McGraw-Hill (1991).

Referencia c3: Murty, K.G.: Linear and Combinatorial Programming. Wiley (1976).

Referencia c4: Ríos Insua, S., Ríos Insua, D., Mateos, A. y Martín, J.: Programación Lineal y Aplicaciones. RaMa Textos Universitarios (1997).

Referencia c5: Salazar, J.J., Lecciones de Optimización. Manuales y Textos Universitarios. Universidad de La Laguna (2000).

Referencia c6: Taha, H., Investigación de Operaciones. Pearson, Educación (2004).



Referencia c7: Vanderbei, R.J., Linear Programming. Foundations and Extensions. Kluwer (2001).

ADDENDUM COVID-19

This addendum will only be activated if the health situation requires so and with the prior agreement of the Governing Council

In the event of a closure of the facilities due to the health situation, and if this affects all or part of the classes of the subject, these will be replaced by classes where physical attendance will be replaced by online synchronous classes following the established schedules, and with asynchrony work from home.

In the event of a closure of the facilities due to the health situation, and if this affects any of the face-to-face tests of the subject, these will be replaced by tests of a similar nature but in virtual mode through the supported computer tools by the University of Valencia. The evaluation percentages will remain the same as those established in the guide.

