

**COURSE DATA****Data Subject**

<b>Code</b>	33455
<b>Name</b>	Contemporary philosophical thought
<b>Cycle</b>	Grade
<b>ECTS Credits</b>	6.0
<b>Academic year</b>	2022 - 2023

**Study (s)**

<b>Degree</b>	<b>Center</b>	<b>Acad. Period</b>
1306 - Degree in Social Education	Faculty of Philosophy and Educational Sciences	1 Second term

**Subject-matter**

<b>Degree</b>	<b>Subject-matter</b>	<b>Character</b>
1306 - Degree in Social Education	14 - Philosophy	Basic Training

**Coordination**

<b>Name</b>	<b>Department</b>
ARTIGA GALINDO, MARC	359 - Philosophy
CLARAMONTE SANZ, VICENTE MANUEL	359 - Philosophy

**SUMMARY**

Contemporary Philosophical Thought is a semester-long and compulsory subject. It's taught in the first year of the Social Education degree and it's composed of 6 credits in all, divided up among theoretical and practical, in-person lessons, seminars and workshops, independent study and work, mentoring and evaluation. This subject's aim is that students know the main schools of contemporary thought in order to appreciate their contributions to education. To develop critical and clear thinking is essential to become a good social educator, and, for this reason, it is important to acquire the ability to interpret data and to make judgments that are the result of reflection on issues of various kinds. The backbone of the subject is education, and the theoretical framework that have dealt with education will be our instrument to accurately diagnose the needs, possibilities and situations of varying complexity which students will have to deal with when they finally become educators. In addition, this subject will be crucial for the understanding of others that students will subsequently learn, because it will make easier for them to understand more complex concepts and help them to carry out more elucidate analysis of problems.



## PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

### Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

### Other requirements

None

## COMPETENCES (RD 1393/2007) // LEARNING OUTCOMES (RD 822/2021)

### 1306 - Degree in Social Education

- Students must have the ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually in their field of study) to make judgements that take relevant social, scientific or ethical issues into consideration.
- Students must be able to communicate information, ideas, problems and solutions to both expert and lay audiences.
- Have capacity for analysis and synthesis.
- Demonstrate organisational and planning skills.
- Be able to communicate professionally, both orally and in writing, in the Universitat de València's native languages.
- Be able to use ICT in the field of study and in the professional context.
- Have skills for information management.
- Have problem-solving skills and decision-making capacity.
- Have critical and self-critical capacity.
- Be able to work in multi- and inter-disciplinary teams.
- Show active ethical commitment to human rights, gender equality and sustainability.
- Show commitment to professional identity, development and ethics.
- Understand the theoretical references that constitute the human being as an active player in education.
- Diagnose needs, complex situations and possibilities of people as a basis for educational actions.

## LEARNING OUTCOMES (RD 1393/2007) // NO CONTENT (RD 822/2021)

1. To know the importance of Philosophy in contemporary thought and to identify different conceptions.
2. To know the importance of Philosophy in the whole of human knowledge and practices, with particular emphasison education.



3. To gain familiarity with different philosophical texts and to discourse orally and in writing on their problems and ideas.

4. To acquire planned basic, general and specific skills.

## DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

### 1. Education and Philosophy. Historical Antecedents

Classical period: Greece and Rome

### 2. The Modern Age

Philosophy and Education in the Modern Age. Enlightenment and Romanticism

### 3. 19th Century

Philosophy in the 19th Century. Utilitarianism, Marxism, Freud and Nietzsche.

### 4. Occidental Education in 20th Century

Philosophy and education in 20th the Century: contemporary thinkers and movements. Dewey, Russell, feminism and alternative pedagogies.

## WORKLOAD

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Theory classes	45,00	100
Classroom practices	15,00	100
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>60,00</b>	

## TEACHING METHODOLOGY

1. Presentations and exhibitions by the teaching staff or visiting professors.

2. Case studies; resolution of practical exercises; search for information and education records in databases and on the Internet; assessment of online resources. Virtual Classroom. ICT in education.



3. Reading, study and debate around issues guided by the teacher; reporting; case studies, etc.
4. Student research related to the theoretical lessons and preparation of a dossier.
5. Personalized advice on topics of study and work.
6. Written tests: objective; interviews; trials; attendance to and participation in practical activities and self-assessment.
7. Despite of all above, in the beginning of course students would opt for develop the course syllabus themselves during first summons, always by means of previous students together agreement and under teacher's guidance.

## EVALUATION

1. Final written test: assessing (a) the acquisition of knowledge, (b) its adequate comprehension, (c) the ability to exposition and argumentation; and, (d) the ability to apply this knowledge to issues and problems related with the subject.
2. Oral tests: to know how to express orally a work or a content related with the subject.
3. Group study and work: *initial assessment* of basic cooperative skills through a short questionnaire; *continuous assessment* of the acquisition of skills through small questionnaires; *final assessment* of the group work and of the interaction skills.
4. Implementation test: to know how to apply theoretical knowledge to specific problems (design, implementation and assessment).
5. Reports: to show ability to synthesize in submitted reports.
6. Self-assessment systems: assessing in autonomy and self-criticism ability to judge their own achievements.
7. Assessment methods: writing exam with brief answers and few lines to write ones.

Previous course's addendum will be attending to whenever necessary in light of pandemic sanitary situation.

## REFERENCES

### Basic



- RB 01 Beauvoir, S. (2017), El segundo sexo. Madrid: Cátedra
- RB 02 Butler, J. (2007), El género en disputa. Barcelona: Espasa.
- RB 03 Dewey, J. (1985), Democràcia i escola. Vic: Eumo.
- RB 04 Dewey, J. (2007), Democracia y escuela. Madrid: Popular.
- RB 05 Freire, P. (1975). Pedagogía del oprimido. Madrid: Siglo XXI.
- RB 06 Freire, P. (2006). Pedagogia de l'oprimit. Xàtiva: Edicions del Crec.
- RB 07 Freud, S. (1984), Escritos de crítica de la cultura. Barcelona: Laia.
- RB 08 Freud, S. (1990), El malestar en la cultura. Madrid: Alianza.
- RB 09 Giner, F. (1933), Educación y enseñanza. Madrid: Espasa Calpe
- RB 10 Marx, K. y Engels, F. (1978), Textos sobre educación y enseñanza. Madrid: Alberto Corazón.
- RB 11 Mill, J. y Mill, H. (2001), Ensayos sobre la igualdad sexual. Madrid: Cátedra.
- RB 12 Nietzsche, F. (1983), Així parlà Zaratustra. Barcelona: Edicions 62.
- RB 13 Nietzsche, F. (2009), Así habló Zaratustra. Madrid: Gredos.
- RB 14 Quintilià, M. (1961), Institució oratòria. Barcelona: Fundació Bernat Metge.
- RB 15 Quintiliano, M. (1977), Institutio oratoria. Salamanca: Universidad Pontificia.
- RB 16 Plató (1992), La República. Barcelona: Fundació Bernat Metge.
- RB 17 Platón (1988), La República. Madrid: Gredos.
- RB 18 Russell, B. (1988), La educación y el orden social. Barcelona: Edhasa.
- RB 19 Rousseau, J. (1989), Emili o De l'educació. Vic: Eumo.
- RB 20 Rousseau, J. (2011), Emilio o De la educación. Madrid: Gredos.

#### Additional

- RC 01. Abbagnano, N. (1973), Historia de la filosofía. Barcelona: Montaner y Simón.
- RC 02. Aron, R. (2010), El marxismo de Marx. Madrid: Siglo XXI.
- RC 03. Cassirer, E. (1993), Filosofía de la Ilustración. Madrid: Fondo de Cultura Económica.
- RC 04. Clark, R. (1984), Russell. Barcelona: Salvat.
- RC 05. Copleston, F. (1969), Historia de la filosofía. Barcelona: Ariel.
- RC 06. Escolano, A. (1985), Historia de la educación. Madrid: Anaya.
- RC 07. Ferrater, J. (1994), Diccionario de filosofía. Barcelona: Ariel.
- RC 08. Fink, E. (1976), La filosofía de Nietzsche. Madrid: Alianza.
- RC 09. Giolitti, G. (1990), El utilitarismo. Vilassar de Mar: Oikos-Tau.
- RC 10. Jaeger, W. (1957), Paideia: los ideales de la cultura griega. México: Fondo de Cultura Económica.
- RC 11. Nassif, R. (1968), Dewey. Su pensamiento pedagógico. Buenos Aires: Centro Editorial América Latina.
- RC 12. Pernil, P. (2002), Historia de la educación. Edad antigua, media y moderna. Madrid: UNED.
- RC 13. Real Academia Española (2014), Diccionario de la lengua española. Barcelona: Espasa-Calpe.
- RC 14. Roudinesco, E. (2015), Freud: en su tiempo y en el nuestro. Barcelona: Debate.
- RC 15. Utchenko, S. (2005), Cicerón y su tiempo. Madrid: Akal.