

COURSE DATA

| Data Subject | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------|
| Code | 33160 | | |
| Name | Mathematics I | | |
| Cycle | Grade | ~2000 ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | |
| ECTS Credits | 6.0 | | |
| Academic year | 2021 - 2022 | | |
| | | | |
| Study (s) | | | |
| Degree | | Center | Acad. Period year |
| 1102 - Degree in Bi | otechnology | Faculty of Biological Science | es 1 First term |
| Subject-matter | | | |
| Degree | 486 384 | Subject-matter | Character |
| 1102 - Degree in Biotechnology | | 77 - Mathematics | Basic Training |
| Coordination | | | |
| Name | | Department | |
| LOPEZ SORIA, LUIS ANTONIO | | 205 - Geometry and Topology | |
| MACIA JUAN, OSCAR | | 205 - Geometry and Topology | |

SUMMARY

The course Mathematics I forms part of scientific literacy that students of Biotecnology must acquire before entering fully into the specifics of the degree.

As a first goal, the subject must fill in the gaps in mathematical knowledge of many students who enter university without studying mathematics at second course of high school. Corresponding to this aspect, the course begins with an introduction in which issues such as operations with numbers and vector elementary functions (including trigonometric and drawing to do a review of trigonometry), graphs of functions and their interpretation are remembered. As another goal, the subject should take the basic math skills for any experimental science: a) the differential and integral calculus needed to see how math involved in issues related to speed, slope, determining maximum and minimum measurement areas, ..., b) an introduction to differential equations, with more emphasis in its concept and meaning of the solutions than in the methods of solution, on one side because it is more interesting for a user which is not going to be a professional mathematician, on the other side, because time does not permit to go far away, c) an introduction to the methods of numerical calculations, since most of the mathematical problems that they will find have no exact solution and we must go to use these methods, with the help of software for them.



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PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

Other requirements

OUTCOMES

1102 - Degree in Biotechnology

- Saber expresarse correctamente en términos matemáticos, estadísticos, químicos, físicos y biológicos.
- Emplear correctamente herramientas informáticas de cálculo, análisis y representación de datos (hojas de cálculo).
- Dominar bien los cálculos numéricos y el análisis de errores.
- Emplear correctamente y con soltura la calculadora científica y otras herramientas de cálculo.

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Capacity of logical-mathematical though.

Use of the mathematical language.

Applying mathematical concepts to practical cases of Biology and other experimental sciences.

Knowing basic mathematical functions graphically.

Acquire minimum skills of differential and integral calculus.

Recognizing issues of mathematics and its type in biological problems.

Knowing the basic properties of ordinary differential equations and how to find solutions (at least graphical) with the help of computers.

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. Part 1: Introduction

Cap.1. The plane R ^ 2 and the space R ^ 3.

Vectors. Equation of a line in the plane. Slope of a line. Distance in the plane and in the space. Cap.2. Functions.

Graph of a function. Inverse of a function. Review of elementary functions. Exponential growth, logarithmic and polynomial. Equations. Graphical solution of equations. Limits of sequences and functions Continuous functions and their graphs.



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2. Part 2: Differential and Integral Calculus

Cap. 3. The derivative.

- 3.1 The derivative of a variable as a function of speed.
- 3.2 Calculation of derivatives. The rule of the chain.
- 3.3 The derivative of a function as the slope of its graph.
- 3.4 Numerical methods of solving equations based on the use of the derivative.

Cap. 4. Optimization.

- 4.1 Points critical functions of a variable.
- 4.2 Maximum and minimum.
- 4.3 Maximum and minimum relative.
- 4.4 Concavity and convexity.
- 4.5 Interpreting and drawing graphs.

Cap. 5. The integral for functions of one variable.

- 5.1 Primitives or antiderivatives.
- 5.2 The primitive as solutions of differential equations.
- 5.3 Some methods of integration.

Cap. 6. The Definite Integral.

- 6.1 Definition of definite integral.
- 6.2 Relationship with the primitive. Barrow Rule.
- 6.3 Applications of integral calculus to the calculation of areas.
- 6.4 Methods for numerical integration.

3. Part 3: Differential Equations

Cap. 7. Ordinary differential equations of first order.

- 7.1 Background. Unit constant. Initial conditions.
- 7.2 Differential equations of first order. Graphical view in the plane.
- 7.3 Explicit solutions of some equations simpler first order.
- 7.4 Numerical solutions of differential equations of first order.

Cap. 8. Some differential equations in biology and environment.

- 8.1 Equilibrium and stability.
- 8.2 Crecimiento an exponential population. Restricted growth. Logistic equation.
- 8.3 Allometric growth.
- 8.4 Homeostasis.
- 8.5 Dynamic balance of matter or energy and matter.



WORKLOAD

| ACTIVITY | Hours | % To be attended |
|--|--------|------------------|
| Theory classes | 31,00 | 100 |
| Computer classroom practice | 26,00 | 100 |
| Tutorials | 3,00 | 100 |
| Development of group work | 22,00 | 0 |
| Preparation of evaluation activities | 16,00 | 0 |
| Preparing lectures | 26,00 | 0 |
| Preparation of practical classes and problem | 26,00 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 150,00 | N N |

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

The course will be developed in:

- Theoretical classes with attendance not mandatory.

- Practical classes of problem-solving face and learning of concepts using a computer program in the computer room, with compulsory attendance. Idea is to encourage initiative and creativity of the student looking for that, to many problems, first look how to resolve it or get an idea of what can happen with the help of computer.

Practices will lead to the realization of work to be delivered to the teacher for correction.

- Active participation in tutorials regulated.

EVALUATION

The evaluation will be conducted by:

- Objective test, consisting of a test with both theoretical and practical questions. The rate at which this test will influence the final grade will be 80%. To perform this weighted average will be necessary to obtain a minimum score of 4 out of 10 in this test.

- Attendance at tutorials and practical activities is compulsory and a prerequisite to pass the course. (80% attendance minimum).

- It is required the submission of all proposed works to each student (4 practical classes and one exercise in a seminar). The rate at which the score of this work will influence the final grade will be 20%. To get the weighted average with the objective test will be required to have obtained a minimum score of 4 out of 10 in these works.



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REFERENCES

Basic

- J. Stewart: Cálculo : conceptos y contextos, Tercera Edición, Cengeage Learning Ed. 2006

Claudia Neuhauser: "Matemaìticas para Ciencias", Ed. Pearson/Prentice Hall, Segunda edición, 2009

R.Larson, B.H. Edwards: Caìlculo 1 Mc Graw Hill 2010.

D.G. Zill, W.S. Wright: Cálculo de una variable Mc Graw Hill 2011.

Additional

James Callahan, Kenneth Hoffman, David Cox, Donal OShea, Harriet Pollatsek, Lester Senechal : Calculus in Context . The Five College Calculus Project. http://math.smith.edu/Local/cicintro/cicintro.html

S. L. Salas, E. Hille."Calculus I y II", 1994, I Reverté, Barcelona

S. T. Tan: Applied Calculus for the Managerial, Life, and Social Sciences, 5th Edition, Thomson Learning, Belmont 2002

G.B. Thomas, R.L. Finney. "Cálculo con Geometría Analítica", 1987, Addison-Wesley Iberoamericana, Wilmington

ADDENDUM COVID-19

This addendum will only be activated if the health situation requires so and with the prior agreement of the Governing Council

The teaching plan distribution and the relationship between in-class and non presential activities may be modified throughout the course period if it is required because of the health emergency conditions by Covid-19.