

## **COURSE DATA**

Data Subject		
Code	33034	
Name	First aid techniques for physiotherapists	
Cycle	Grade	
ECTS Credits	4.5	
Academic year	2022 - 2023	

Degree	Center	Acad.	Period
		year	
1202 - Degree in Physiotherapy	Faculty of Physiotherapy	4	Second term

Subject-matter					
Degree	Subject-matter	Character			
1202 - Degree in Physiotherapy	21 - First aid techniques for physiotherapists	Optional			

#### Coordination

name	Department
LOPEZ BUENO, LAURA	191 - Physiotherapy
SANCHEZ FRUTOS, JOSE	191 - Physiotherapy

# SUMMARY

This optative course of the Degree of Physiotherapy, aims to provide the students the basic knowledge and scientific basis, and the different protocols for action against the main situations and emergencies in the community setting.

## **PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE**

### Relationship to other subjects of the same degree

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.



#### Other requirements

Not required

### **OUTCOMES**

### 1202 - Degree in Physiotherapy

- Students must have acquired knowledge and understanding in a specific field of study, on the basis of general secondary education and at a level that includes mainly knowledge drawn from advanced textbooks, but also some cutting-edge knowledge in their field of study.
- Students must be able to apply their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional manner and have acquired the competences required for the preparation and defence of arguments and for problem solving in their field of study.
- Students must have the ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually in their field of study) to make judgements that take relevant social, scientific or ethical issues into consideration.
- Students must be able to communicate information, ideas, problems and solutions to both expert and lay audiences.
- Students must have developed the learning skills needed to undertake further study with a high degree of autonomy.
- Recognise vital risk situations and be able to execute basic and advanced life support manoeuvres.
- Respect fundamental rights and equality between men and women.
- Recognise diversity, multiculturality, democratic values and peace culture.
- Work in teams.
- Have the ability to organise and plan work.
- Acquire knowledge related to the information and communication technologies.
- Acquire sensitivity to environmental issues.
- Know the general aspects of first aid. Know how to recognise an emergency situation and differentiate it from an urgency.
- Know the particulars of any situation requiring the application of firs aid procedures.
- Know the development of the protocols and algorithms to be applied in situations of emergency and urgency outside the hospital.
- Know the action plan for great disasters.
- Know how to establish an action plan in first aid to reach the goals.



## **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

Knowledge and scientific basis, and the various protocols for action against other major emergencies and emergencies in the community setting.

## **DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS**

#### 1. Introduction to the first aids

- 1. Concept of the first aids. Analysis of the situation
- First aid kit of the first aids

#### 2. The First aids in basic situations

- 3. Wounds and hemorrhages
- 4. Burns
- 5. Foreign bodies
- 6. Bites and stings
- 7. Musculoskeletal injuries
- 8. Poisonings and poisonings
- Urgencies genitourinarias
- 10. Disorders of the conscience. Convulsions
- 11. Injuries for cold and heat

### 3. Básic Vital Support(SVB)

- 12. SVB. Chain of survival. Use of the DESA
- 13. Managing of the airway. Clearing away of obstructions of the top airway

#### 4. Transport and assistance to big catastrophes

- 14. Start-Triage
- 15. Transport and mobilization

#### 5. PRACTICAL BLOCK

- I. Analysis of the situation. Lateral position of safety
- II. Treatment of wounds and hemorrhages
- III. Support Vital Básico
- IV. Managing of the airway. Clearing away of obstructions of the airway
- V. Start-Triage
- VI. Mobilization and transport



## **WORKLOAD**

ACTIVITY	Hours	% To be attended
Classroom practices	30,00	100
Theory classes	15,00	100
Development of individual work	8,00	0
Study and independent work	15,00	0
Preparing lectures	25,00	0
Preparation of practical classes and problem	15,00	0
Resolution of case studies	4,50	0
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## **TEACHING METHODOLOGY**

The teaching-learning of the subject, will be framed in the cognitive-constructivist theory of learning, which stresses the role of the student essentially active. This will be the star of their education and seek to develop meaningful learning based on prior knowledge. The teacher will act as mediator and facilitator of learning techniques using motivating, modeling, mayeutics, introspection and problem solving.

The teaching program may be modified during the development of the course if the teacher under teacher quality criteria and assimilation of knowledge by the student, deems it appropriate.

## **EVALUATION**

Theoretical examination: Examination of multiple response of 50 questions, with 4 articles and an alone real response, will apply to itself the formula: Score = [hits-(errors/number of choices-1)]\*(maximum score/number of questions). Practical examination: The students will enter in pairs and will realize a practical test in which they will have to develop any of the protocols of urgency corresponding to the different practices, there will be valued the skill, agility and time of response.

Personal work: Activity Start-Triage: The students will have to realize a supposition of catastrophe with multiple victims.

The final note will be obtained of the following way:

40 % theoretical Block (note of the theoretical examination)

60 % practical Block:

- 80 % Notices practical examination
- 20 % I Work personnel: Activity Start-Triage



## **REFERENCES**

#### **Basic**

- Abrisqueta J, Juarez J, Pérez J, Martínez M.: Manejo, movilización y transporte de victimas. Arán. 2001.
- Moratal R. Protocolos en emergencias extrahospitalarias. Arán. 2000.
- AHA Guidelines for CPR & ECC, published in the journal Circulation on October 18, 2010.

### Additional

- 2010 American Heart Association and American Red Cross Guidelines for First Aid

